

SINAMICS V90, SIMOTICS S-1FL6

Getting Started

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1 Safety instructions

1.1 Fundamental safety instructions

1.1.1 General safety instructions



DANGER

Danger to life due to live parts and other energy sources

Death or serious injury can result when live parts are touched.

- Only work on electrical devices when you are qualified for this job.
- Always observe the country-specific safety rules.

Generally, six steps apply when establishing safety:

- 1. Prepare for shutdown and notify all those who will be affected by the procedure.
- 2. Disconnect the machine from the supply.
 - Switch off the machine.
 - Wait until the discharge time specified on the warning labels has elapsed.
 - Check that it really is in a no-voltage condition, from phase conductor to phase conductor and phase conductor to protective conductor.
 - Check whether the existing auxiliary supply circuits are de-energized.
 - Ensure that the motors cannot move.
- 3. Identify all other dangerous energy sources, e.g. compressed air, hydraulic systems, or water.
- 4. Isolate or neutralize all hazardous energy sources by closing switches, grounding or short-circuiting or closing valves, for example.
- 5. Secure the energy sources against switching on again.
- 6. Ensure that the correct machine is completely interlocked.

After you have completed the work, restore the operational readiness in the inverse sequence.



A WARNING

Danger to life through a hazardous voltage when connecting an unsuitable power supply

Touching live components can result in death or severe injury.

 Only use power supplies that provide SELV (Safety Extra Low Voltage) or PELV- (Protective Extra Low Voltage) output voltages for all connections and terminals of the electronics modules.



WARNING

Danger to life when live parts are touched on damaged devices

Improper handling of devices can cause damage.

For damaged devices, hazardous voltages can be present at the enclosure or at exposed components; if touched, this can result in death or severe injury.

- Ensure compliance with the limit values specified in the technical data during transport, storage and operation.
- · Do not use any damaged devices.



M WARNING

Danger to life through electric shock due to unconnected cable shields

Hazardous touch voltages can occur through capacitive cross-coupling due to unconnected cable shields.

• As a minimum, connect cable shields and the conductors of power cables that are not used (e.g. brake cores) at one end at the grounded housing potential.



WARNING

Danger to life due to electric shock when not grounded

For missing or incorrectly implemented protective conductor connection for devices with protection class I, high voltages can be present at open, exposed parts, which when touched, can result in death or severe injury.

Ground the device in compliance with the applicable regulations.



WARNING

Danger to life due to electric shock when opening plug connections in operation

When opening plug connections in operation, arcs can result in severe injury or death.

Only open plug connections when the equipment is in a no-voltage state, unless it has been explicitly stated that they can be opened in operation.



WARNING

Danger to life due to fire spreading if housing is inadequate

Fire and smoke development can cause severe personal injury or material damage.

- Install devices without a protective housing in a metal control cabinet (or protect the device by another equivalent measure) in such a way that contact with fire is prevented.
- Ensure that smoke can only escape via controlled and monitored paths.



WARNING

Danger to life through unexpected movement of machines when using mobile wireless devices or mobile phones

Using mobile wireless devices or mobile phones with a transmit power > 1 W closer than approx. 2 m to the components may cause the devices to malfunction, influence the functional safety of machines therefore putting people at risk or causing material damage.

Switch the wireless devices or mobile phones off in the immediate vicinity of the components.



Danger to life due to the motor catching fire in the event of insulation overload

There is higher stress on the motor insulation through a ground fault in an IT system. If the insulation fails, it is possible that death or severe injury can occur as a result of smoke and fire.

- Use a monitoring device that signals an insulation fault.
- Correct the fault as quickly as possible so the motor insulation is not overloaded.



WARNING

Danger to life due to fire if overheating occurs because of insufficient ventilation clearances

Inadequate ventilation clearances can cause overheating of components with subsequent fire and smoke. This can cause severe injury or even death. This can also result in increased downtime and reduced service lives for devices/systems.

Ensure compliance with the specified minimum clearance as ventilation clearance for the respective component.



WARNING

Danger of an accident occurring due to missing or illegible warning labels

Missing or illegible warning labels can result in accidents involving death or serious injury.

- Check that the warning labels are complete based on the documentation.
- Attach any missing warning labels to the components, in the national language if necessary.
- Replace illegible warning labels.

NOTICE

Device damage caused by incorrect voltage/insulation tests

Incorrect voltage/insulation tests can damage the device.

• Before carrying out a voltage/insulation check of the system/machine, disconnect the devices as all converters and motors have been subject to a high voltage test by the manufacturer, and therefore it is not necessary to perform an additional test within the system/machine.



WARNING

Danger to life when safety functions are inactive

Safety functions that are inactive or that have not been adjusted accordingly can cause operational faults on machines that could lead to serious injury or death.

- Observe the information in the appropriate product documentation before commissioning.
- Carry out a safety inspection for functions relevant to safety on the entire system, including all safety-related components.
- Ensure that the safety functions used in your drives and automation tasks are adjusted and activated through appropriate parameterizing.
- Perform a function test.
- Only put your plant into live operation once you have guaranteed that the functions relevant to safety are running correctly.

Note

Important safety notices for Safety Integrated functions

If you want to use Safety Integrated functions, you must observe the safety notices in the Safety Integrated manuals.



WARNING

Danger to life or malfunctions of the machine as a result of incorrect or changed parameterization

As a result of incorrect or changed parameterization, machines can malfunction, which in turn can lead to injuries or death.

- Protect the parameterization (parameter assignments) against unauthorized access.
- Respond to possible malfunctions by applying suitable measures (e.g. EMERGENCY STOP or EMERGENCY OFF).

1.1.2 Safety instructions for electromagnetic fields (EMF)



MARNING

Danger to life from electromagnetic fields

Electromagnetic fields (EMF) are generated by the operation of electrical power equipment such as transformers, converters or motors.

People with pacemakers or implants are at a special risk in the immediate vicinity of these devices/systems.

• Ensure that the persons involved are the necessary distance away (minimum 2 m).

1.1.3 Handling electrostatic sensitive devices (ESD)

Electrostatic sensitive devices (ESD) are individual components, integrated circuits, modules or devices that may be damaged by either electric fields or electrostatic discharge.



NOTICE

Damage through electric fields or electrostatic discharge

Electric fields or electrostatic discharge can cause malfunctions through damaged individual components, integrated circuits, modules or devices.

- Only pack, store, transport and send electronic components, modules or devices in their original packaging or in other suitable materials, e.g conductive foam rubber of aluminum foil.
- Only touch components, modules and devices when you are grounded by one of the following methods:
 - Wearing an ESD wrist strap
 - Wearing ESD shoes or ESD grounding straps in ESD areas with conductive flooring
- Only place electronic components, modules or devices on conductive surfaces (table with ESD surface, conductive ESD foam, ESD packaging, ESD transport container).

1.1.4 Industrial security

Note

Industrial security

Siemens provides products and solutions with industrial security functions that support the secure operation of plants, solutions, machines, equipment and/or networks. They are important components in a holistic industrial security concept. With this in mind, Siemens' products and solutions undergo continuous development. Siemens recommends strongly that you regularly check for product updates.

For the secure operation of Siemens products and solutions, it is necessary to take suitable preventive action (e.g. cell protection concept) and integrate each component into a holistic, state-of-the-art industrial security concept. Third-party products that may be in use should also be considered. For more information about industrial security, visit this address (http://www.siemens.com/industrialsecurity).

To stay informed about product updates as they occur, sign up for a product-specific newsletter. For more information, visit this address (http://support.automation.siemens.com).



Danger as a result of unsafe operating states resulting from software manipulation

Software manipulation (e.g. by viruses, Trojan horses, malware, worms) can cause unsafe operating states to develop in your installation which can result in death, severe injuries and/or material damage.

- Keep the software up to date.
 - You will find relevant information and newsletters at this address (http://support.automation.siemens.com).
- Incorporate the automation and drive components into a holistic, state-of-the-art industrial security concept for the installation or machine.
 - You will find further information at this address (http://www.siemens.com/industrialsecurity).
- · Make sure that you include all installed products into the holistic industrial security concept.

1.1.5 Residual risks of power drive systems

The control and drive components of a drive system are approved for industrial and commercial use in industrial line supplies. Their use in public line supplies requires a different configuration and/or additional measures.

These components may only be operated in closed housings or in higher-level control cabinets with protective covers that are closed, and when all of the protective devices are used.

These components may only be handled by qualified and trained technical personnel who are knowledgeable and observe all of the safety instructions on the components and in the associated technical user documentation.

When assessing the machine's risk in accordance with the respective local regulations (e.g., EC Machinery Directive), the machine manufacturer must take into account the following residual risks emanating from the control and drive components of a drive system:

- 1. Unintentional movements of driven machine components during commissioning, operation, maintenance, and repairs caused by, for example,
 - Hardware and/or software errors in the sensors, control system, actuators, and cables and connections
 - Response times of the control system and of the drive
 - Operation and/or environmental conditions outside the specification
 - Condensation/conductive contamination
 - Parameterization, programming, cabling, and installation errors
 - Use of wireless devices/mobile phones in the immediate vicinity of the control system
 - External influences/damage
- 2. In the event of a fault, exceptionally high temperatures, including an open fire, as well as emissions of light, noise, particles, gases, etc. can occur inside and outside the inverter, e.g.:
 - Component failure
 - Software errors
 - Operation and/or environmental conditions outside the specification

- External influences/damage

Inverters of the Open Type/IP20 degree of protection must be installed in a metal control cabinet (or protected by another equivalent measure) such that contact with fire inside and outside the inverter is not possible.

- 3. Hazardous shock voltages caused by, for example,
 - Component failure
 - Influence during electrostatic charging
 - Induction of voltages in moving motors
 - Operation and/or environmental conditions outside the specification
 - Condensation/conductive contamination
 - External influences/damage
- 4. Electrical, magnetic and electromagnetic fields generated in operation that can pose a risk to people with a pacemaker, implants or metal replacement joints, etc., if they are too close
- 5. Release of environmental pollutants or emissions as a result of improper operation of the system and/or failure to dispose of components safely and correctly

Note

The components must be protected against conductive contamination (e.g. by installing them in a control cabinet with degree of protection IP54 according to IEC 60529 or NEMA 12).

Assuming that conductive contamination at the installation site can definitely be excluded, a lower degree of cabinet protection may be permitted.

For more information about residual risks of the components in a drive system, see the relevant sections in the technical user documentation.

1.2 Additional safety instructions



WARNING

Danger to life from permanent magnet fields

Even when switched off, electric motors with permanent magnets represent a potential risk for persons with heart pacemakers or implants if they are close to converters/motors.

- If you are such a person (with heart pacemaker or implant) then keep a minimum distance of 2 m.
- When transporting or storing permanent magnet motors always use the original packing materials with the warning labels attached.
- Clearly mark the storage locations with the appropriate warning labels.
- IATA regulations must be observed when transported by air.



WARNING

Injury caused by moving parts or those that are flung out

Touching moving motor parts or drive output elements and loose motor parts that are flung out (e.g. feather keys) in operation can result in severe injury or death.

- Remove any loose parts or secure them so that they cannot be flung out.
- Do not touch any moving parts.
- Safeguard all moving parts using the appropriate safety guards.



Danger to life due to fire if overheating occurs because of insufficient cooling

Inadequate cooling can cause overheating resulting in death or severe injury as a result of smoke and fire. This can also result in increased failures and reduced service lives of motors.

Comply with the specified coolant requirements for the motor.



Danger to life due to fire as a result of overheating caused by incorrect operation

When incorrectly operated and in the case of a fault, the motor can overheat resulting in fire and smoke. This can result in severe injury or death. Further, excessively high temperatures destroy motor components and result in increased failures as well as shorter service lives of motors.

- Operate the motor according to the relevant specifications.
- Only operate the motors in conjunction with effective temperature monitoring.
- Immediately switch off the motor if excessively high temperatures occur.



Risk of injury due to touching hot surfaces

In operation, the motor can reach high temperatures, which can cause burns if touched.

• Mount the motor so that it is not accessible in operation.

When maintenance is required

- · allow the motor to cool down before starting any work.
- Use the appropriate personnel protection equipment, e.g. gloves.

Delivery check

Note

Intact deliverables

Deliverables received must be intact. It's not permissible to put a damaged unit into use.

Transport and storage

NOTICE

Property loss

Notify Siemens service personnel immediately of any damage discovered after delivery. If the equipment is put into storage, keep it in a dry, dust-free, and low-vibration environment. The storage temperature ranges from -40 °C to +70 °C. Otherwise you will suffer property loss.

Mechanical installation



Death or severe personal injury from harsh installation environment

A harsh installation environment will jeopardize personal safety and equipment. Therefore,

- Do not install the drive and the motor in an area subject to inflammables or combustibles, water or corrosion hazards.
- Do not install the drive and the motor in an area where it is likely to be exposed to constant vibrations or physical shocks.
- Do not keep the drive exposed to strong electro-magnetic interference.
- Make sure that no foreign body (e.g., chips of wood or metal, dust, paper, etc.) can be seen inside the drive or on the heat sink of the drive.
- Make sure that the drive is installed in an electrical cabinet with an adequate degree of protection.

Note

Mounting clearance

To guarantee good heat dissipation and ease of cabling, keep sufficient clearance between drives, one drive and another device/inner wall of the cabinet.

Note

Screw tightening

Make sure you fix the screw to the terminal door of the drive after you have completed the installation work.

Electrical installation



DANGER

Death or severe personal injury from electrical shock

The earth leakage current for the drive can be greater than AC 3.5 mA, which may cause death or severe personal injury due to electrical shock.

A fixed earth connection is required to eliminate the dangerous leakage current. In addition, the minimum size of the protective earth conductor shall comply with the local safety regulations for high leakage current equipment.



DANGER

Danger to life when PE connectors are touched

When the equipment is working, hazardous touch current can be present at the PE connectors; if touched, this can result in death or severe personal injury.

• Do not touch the PE connector during operation or within a certain period since power disconnection.



A WARNING

Personal injury and damage to property from improper connections

Improper connections have high risks of electrical shock and short circuit, which will jeopardize personal safety and equipment.

- The drive must be directly connected with the motor. It is not permissible to connect a capacitor, inductor or filter between them.
- Make sure that all connections are correct and reliable, the drive and the motor are well grounded.
- The line supply voltage must be within the allowable range (refer to the drive rating plate). Never connect the line supply cable to the motor terminals U, V, W or connect the motor power cable to the line input terminals L1, L2, L3.
- Never wire up the U, V, W terminals in an interchanged phase sequence.
- If the CE marking for cables is mandatory in some cases, the motor power cable, line supply cable and brake cable used must all be shielded cables.
- For terminal box connection, make sure that the clearances in air between non-insulated live parts are at least 5.5 mm.
- Route signal cables and power cables separately in different cable conduits. The signal cables shall be at least 10 cm away from the power cables.
- Cables connected may not come into contact with rotating mechanical parts.



CAUTION

Personal injury and damage to property from inadequate protection

Inadequate protection may cause minor personal injury or damage to property.

- The drive must have been disconnected from the power supply for at least five minutes before you perform any wiring
 to it.
- Check that the equipment is dead!
- Make sure that the drive and the motor are properly grounded.
- Route a second PE conductor with the cross section of the supply system lead in parallel to the protective earth via separate terminals or use a copper protective earth conductor with a cross section of 10 mm².
- Terminals for equipotential bondings that exist in addition to terminals for PE conductors must not be used for loopingthrough the PE conductors.
- To ensure protective separation, an isolating transformer must be used for the 380 VAC line supply system.

NOTICE

Damage to property from incorrect input voltage

Incorrect input voltage will cause severe damage to the drive.

It is recommended that the actual input voltage should not be greater than 110% of the rated voltage or smaller than 75%.

Note

STO wiring

The safe torque off (STO) function can stop a motor using safety relays without involving any upper level control. It is disabled in the factory configuration by short-circuiting the STO terminals. The safety function of the servo drive is SIL 2 (EN61800-5-2).

Connect the STO terminals as the actual requirements.

Commissioning/Operation



Burns from hot surface

The operating temperature of drive base-plate and heat sink is higher than 65 °C, and the surface temperature of the motor may reach up to 80 °C. The hot surface may burn your hands.

Do not touch the motor or the heat sink of the drive during operation or within a certain period since power disconnection.

NOTICE

Shortening the service life of motor brake

The motor brake is used for holding purpose only. Frequent emergency stops with the motor brake will shorten its service life.

Unless absolutely necessary, do not apply the motor brake as an emergency stop or deceleration mechanism.

NOTICE

Damage to the equipment from frequent power-on/off

Frequent power-on/off will cause damage to the drive.

Do not switch on/off the power frequently

Note

Voltage requirement

Before switching the power on, make sure that the drive system has been reliably installed and connected, and the line supply voltage is within the allowable range.

Note

Drive functioning interfered by use of radio devices

Some environmental factors may result in power derating, e.g. altitude and surrounding temperature. In this case, the drive cannot work normally.

Environmental factors must be taken into account during commissioning or operation.

Troubleshooting



WARNING

Drive remaining charged

The drive may remain charged in a short period after it is powered off.

Touching terminals or disassembling cables may cause minor injury due to electrical shock.

Do not touch terminals or disassemble cables until the drive system has been disconnected for at least five minutes.



Personal injury due to unexpected restart

The machine might unexpectedly restart after the power supply that was suddenly switched off is switched on again. Touching the machine at this time may cause personal injury.

Do not approach the machine after the power supply is switched on again.

Disposal

Note

Equipment disposal

Disposal of the equipment must be made in accordance with the regulations of the competent environmental protection administration on the disposal of electronic wastes.

Certification



WARNING

Requirements for United States/Canadian installations (UL/cUL)

Suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering not more than 65000 rms Symmetrical Amperes, 480 VAC maximum, when protected by UL/cUL-listed Class J fuses or circuit breakers. For each frame size AA, A, B, and C, use 75 °C copper wire only.

This equipment is capable of providing internal motor overload protection according to UL508C.

For Canadian (cUL) installations the drive mains supply must be fitted with any external recommended suppressor with the following features:

- Surge-protective devices; device shall be a Listed Surge-protective device (Category code VZCA and VZCA7)
- Rated nominal voltage 480/277 VAC, 50/60 Hz, 3-phase
- Clamping voltage VPR = 2000 V, IN = 3kA min, MCOV = 508 VAC, SCCR = 65 kA
- Suitable for Type 2 SPD application
- Clamping shall be provided between phases and also between phase and ground.



WARNING

Harms to human health from electromagnetic radiation

This product may cause high-frequency electromagnetic radiation, which will affect human health. Therefore, in a residential environment, make sure that necessary suppression measures are taken.

Note

EMC instructions

- To comply with the EMC standards, all cables connected with the SINAMICS V90 system must be shielded cables, which include cables from the line supply to the line filter and from the line filter to the SINAMICS V90 drive.
- The SINAMICS V90 drives have been tested in accordance with the emission requirements of the category of C2 (domestic) environment. The conductive emissions and radiated emissions are in compliance with the standard of EN 55011 and reached Class A.
- In a residential environment, this product can cause high-frequency interferences that may necessitate suppression measures.
- For a radiated emission test, an external AC filter (between the mains supply and the drive) will be used to meet the EMC requirement and the drive will be installed inside the shielded metallic chamber, other parts of the motion control system (including the PLC, DC power supply, spindle drive, motor) will be put inside the shielded chamber.
- For a conductive emission test, an external AC filter (between the mains supply and the drive) will be used to meet the EMC requirement.
- For the radiated emission and conductive emission test, the length of the line supply cable between the line filter and the drive must be shorter than 1 m.

Information regarding non-Siemens products

Note

Non-Siemens products

This document contains recommendations relating to non-Siemens products. Non-Siemens products whose fundamental suitability is familiar to us. It goes without saying that equivalent products from other manufacturers may be used. Our recommendations are to be seen as helpful information, not as requirements or dictates. We cannot accept any liability for the quality and properties/features of non-Siemens products.

Warning labels

Warning labels attached to the motor or drive have the following meanings:

Symbol	Description
A	Risk of electric shock
4	Do not touch any terminals or disassemble cables until the drive has been disconnected from power for at least five minutes.
A	Caution
	Pay attention to the information given on the rating plate and operating instructions.
	For more information, refer to this manual.
A	Hot surface
	Do not touch the heatsink of the drive during operation or within a certain period since power disconnection because its surface temperature may reach up to 65 °C.
	No knocking at the shaft
	Do not exert any shock at the shaft end; otherwise, the encoder may be damaged.
	Protective conductor terminal

1.2.1 Residual risks during the operation of electric motors

The motors may be operated only when all protective equipment is used.

Motors may be handled only by qualified and instructed qualified personnel that knows and observes all safety instructions for the motors that are explained in the associated technical user documentation.

When assessing the machine's risk in accordance with the respective local regulations (e.g., EC Machinery Directive), the machine manufacturer must take into account the following residual risks emanating from the control and drive components of a drive system:

- 1. Unintentional movements of driven machine components during commissioning, operation, maintenance, and repairs caused by, for example,
 - Hardware and/or software errors in the sensors, control system, actuators, and cables and connections
 - Response times of the control system and of the drive
 - Operation and/or environmental conditions outside the specification
 - Condensation/conductive contamination
 - Errors during the assembly, installation, programming and parameterization
 - Use of wireless devices/mobile phones in the immediate vicinity of the control system
 - External influences/damage
- 2. In case of failure, unusually high temperatures inside and outside the motor, including open fire as well as the emission of light, noise, particles, gases, etc. can result, for example in
 - Component failure
 - Software errors in converter operation
 - Operation and/or environmental conditions outside the specification
 - External influences/damage
- 3. Hazardous shock voltages caused by, for example,
 - Component failure
 - Influence during electrostatic charging
 - Induction of voltages in moving motors
 - Operation and/or environmental conditions outside the specification
 - Condensation/conductive contamination
 - External influences/damage
- 4. Electrical, magnetic and electromagnetic fields generated in operation that can pose a risk to people with a pacemaker, implants or metal replacement joints, etc., if they are too close
- 5. Release of noxious substances and emissions in the case of improper operation and/or improper disposal of components

2 General information

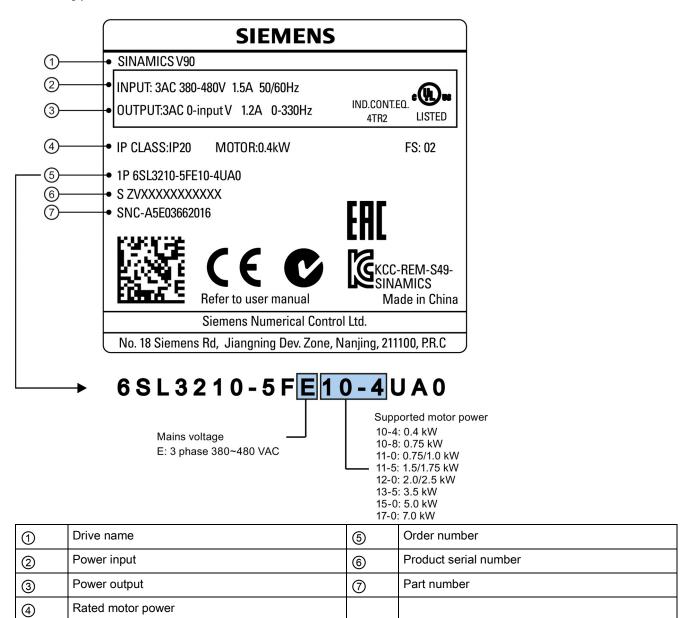
2.1 Deliverables

2.1.1 Drive components

When unpacking the drive package, check whether the following components are included.

Component	Illustration	Rated power (kW)	Outline dimension (Width x Height x Depth, mm)	Frame size				
SINAMICS V90 servo drive	CHARGOST A	0.4	60 x 180 x 200	FSAA				
	Poly	0.75/1.0	80 x 180 x 200	FSA				
	12 2	1.5/2.0	100 x 180 x 220	FSB				
	Height Width	3.5/5.0/7.0	140 x 260 x 240	FSC				
Connectors	100 THOUSE THE TOTAL THE T	FSAA/FSA: 4 pie FSB/FSC: 2 piece						
Shielding plate		for FSAA and FS	A					
		for FSB and FSC						
Cable clamp		FSAA/FSA: None FSB/FSC: 1 piece						
User documentation	Getting Started	English-Chinese	bilingual version					

Drive rating plate

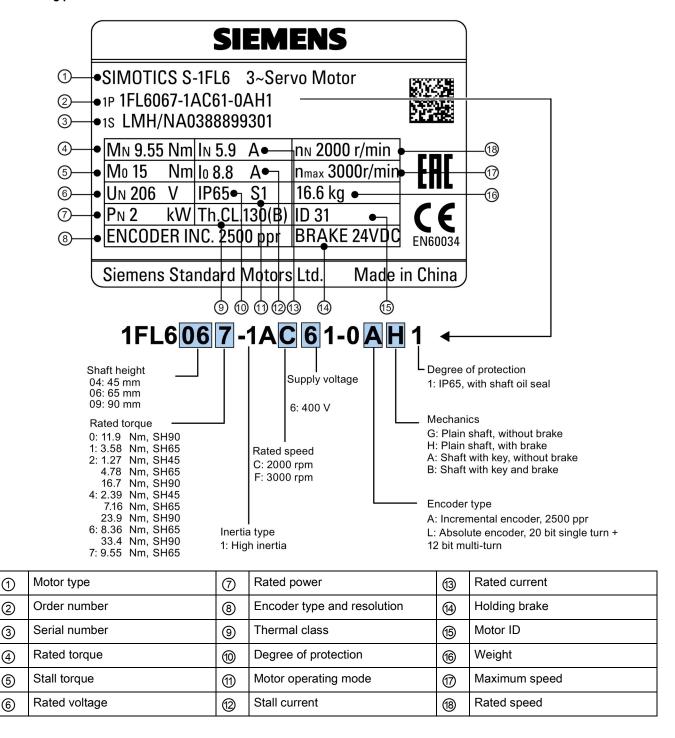


2.1.2 Motor components

When unpacking the motor package, check whether the following components are included.

Component	Illustration	Rated torque (Nm)	Shaft height (mm)
SIMOTICS S-1FL6 servo motor		• 1.27	45
		• 2.39	
		• 3.58	65
		• 4.78	
		• 7.16	
		• 8.36	
		• 9.55	
		• 11.90	90
		• 16.70	
		• 23.90	
		• 33.40	
User documentation	SIMOTICS S-1FL6 Servo Motor	rs Installation Guide	

Motor rating plate



2.2 Function list

Function	Description	Control mode
Pulse train input position control (PTI)	Implements accurate positioning through two pulse train input channels: 5 V differential or 24 V single end signal. In addition, it supports S-curve position smoothing function.	РТІ
Internal position control (IPos)	Implements accurate positioning through internal position commands (up to eight groups) and allows to specify the acceleration/speed for positioning	IPos
Speed control (S)	Flexibly controls motor speed and direction through external analog speed commands (0 to ±10 VDC) or internal speed commands (up to seven groups)	S
Torque control (T)	Flexibly controls motor output torque through external analog torque commands (0 to ±10 VDC) or internal torque commands. In addition, it supports speed limit function to prevent overspeed when a motor has no loads	Т
Compound controls	Supports flexible switches among position control mode, speed control mode, and torque control mode	PTI/S, IPos/S, PTI/T, IPos/T, S/T
Absolute position system	Allows to implement motion control tasks immediately after the servo system with an absolute encoder is powered on, needless of carrying out referencing or zero position operation beforehand	PTI
Gain switching	Switches between gains during motor rotation or stop with an external signal or internal parameters to reduce noise and positioning time, or improve the operation stability of a servo system	PTI, IPos, S
PI/P switching	Switches from PI control to P control with an external signal or internal parameters to suppress overshooting during acceleration or deceleration (for speed control) or to suppress undershooting during positioning and reduce the settling time (for position control)	PTI, IPos, S
Safe Torque Off (STO)	Safely disconnects torque-generating motor power supply to prevent an unintentional motor restart	PTI, IPos, S, T
Zero speed clamp	Stops motor and clamps the motor shaft when motor speed setpoint is below a parameterized threshold level	S
Modbus communication	Supports the communication between the SINAMICS V90 servo drive and PLC with the standard Modbus commication protocol	PTI, Ipos, S, T
One-button auto tuning	One-button auto tuning estimates the machine characteristic and sets the closed loop control parameters (position loop gain, speed loop gain, speed integral compensation, filter if necessary, etc.) without any user interventionPTI, IPos, S, T	PTI, Ipos, S, T
Real-time auto tuning	Estimates the machine characteristic and sets the closed loop control parameters (position loop gain, speed loop gain, speed integral compensation, filter if necessary, and so on) continuously in real time without any user intervention	PTI, IPos, S, T
Resonance suppression	Suppresses the mechanical resonance, such as workpiece vibration and base shake	PTI, IPos, S, T
Low frequency vibration suppression	Suppresses the low frequency vibration in the machine system	IPos
Speed limit	Limits motor speed through external analog speed limit commands (0 to ±10 VDC) or internal speed limit commands (up to three groups)	PTI, IPos, S, T
Torque limit	Limits motor torque through external analog torque limit commands (0 to ±10 VDC) or internal torque limit commands (up to three groups)	PTI, IPos, S

Function	Description	Control mode
Electronic gear ratio	Defines a multiplier factor for input pulses	PTI, IPos
Basic operator panel (BOP)	Displays servo status on a 6-digit 7-segment LED display	PTI, IPos, S, T
External braking resistor	An external braking resistor can be used when the internal braking resistor is insufficient for regenerative energy.	PTI, IPos, S, T
Digital inputs/outputs (DIs/DOs)	Control signals and status signals can be assigned to eight programmable digital inputs and six digital outputs.	PTI, IPos, S, T
Smoothing function	Transforms position characteristics from the pulse train input setpoint into an S-curve profile with a parameterized time constant	PTI
SINAMICS V-ASSISTANT	You can perform parameter settings, test operation, adjustment and other operations with a PC.	PTI, IPos, S, T

2.3 Device combination

The table below shows the combination of SINAMICS V90 servo drives and SIMOTICS S-1FL6 servo motors.

SIMOTI	CS S-1FL6	servo mot	or				SINAMICS V90 serv	o drive
Rated	Rated	Rated	Shaft	Motor ID		Order number ¹⁾	Order number	Frame
torque (Nm)	power (kW)	speed (rpm)	height (mm)	Without brake	With brake			size
1.27	0.4	3000	45	18	19	1FL6042-1AF61-0A□1	6SL3210-5FE10-	FSAA
				10009	10038	1FL6042-1AF61-0L□1	4UA0	
2.39	0.75	3000	45	20	21	1FL6044-1AF61-0A□1	6SL3210-5FE10-	
				10010	10039	1FL6044-1AF61-0L□1	8UA0	FSA
3.58	0.75	2000	65	22	23	1FL6061-1AC61-0A□1		
				10011	10040	1FL6061-1AC61-0L□1	6SL3210-5FE11-	
4.78	1.0	2000	65	24	25	1FL6062-1AC61-0A□1	0UA0	
				10012	10041	1FL6062-1AC61-0L□1		
7.16	1.5	2000	65	26	27	1FL6064-1AC61-0A□1		
				10013	10042	1FL6064-1AC61-0L□1	6SL3210-5FE11-	FSB
8.36	1.75	2000	65	28	29	1FL6066-1AC61-0A□1	5UA0	
				10014	10043	1FL6066-1AC61-0L□1		
9.55	2.0	2000	65	30	31	1FL6067-1AC61-0A□1	6SL3210-5FE12-	
				10015	10044	1FL6067-1AC61-0L□1	0UA0	
11.9	2.5	2000	90	32	33	1FL6090-1AC61-0A□1		
				10016	10045	1FL6090-1AC61-0L□1		
16.7	3.5	2000	90	34	35	1FL6092-1AC61-0A□1	6SL3210-5FE13-	
				10017	10046	1FL6092-1AC61-0L□1	5UA0	FSC
23.9	5.0	2000	90	36	37	1FL6094-1AC61-0A□1	6SL3210-5FE15-	
				10018	10047	1FL6094-1AC61-0L□1	0UA0	
33.4	7.0	2000	90	38	39	1FL6096-1AC61-0A□1	6SL3210-5FE17-	
				10019	10048	1FL6096-1AC61-0L□1	0UA0	

 $^{^{1)}}$ The symbol \square in the motor order numbers is for optional configuration (mechanics). Refer to the motor rating plate explanation in Motor components (Page 16) for detailed information.

2.4 Accessories

Fuse/circuit breaker

A fuse/circuit breaker can be used to protect the system. Refer to the table below for the selection of fuses and circuit breakers:

SINAM	ICS V90	CE-compl	iant			UL-compliant				
Fram	Order number	Standard	fuse	Circuit break	er	Standard fuse		Circuit breaker		
e size		Rated current	Order number	Rated cur- rent/voltage	Order number	Rated cur- rent/voltage	Class	Rated cur- rent/voltage	Order number	
FSAA	6SL3210- 5FE10-4UA0	6 A	3NA3 801-6	3.2 A, 690 VAC	3RV 1021- 1DA10	10 A, 600 VAC	J	3.2 A, 690 VAC	3RV 1021- 1DA10	
FSA	6SL3210- 5FE10-8UA0	6 A	3NA3 801-6	4 A, 690 VAC	3RV 1021- 1EA10	10 A, 600 VAC	J	4 A, 690 VAC	3RV 1021- 1EA10	
	6SL3210- 5FE11-0UA0	10 A	3NA3 803-6	5 A, 690 VAC	3RV 1021- 1FA10	10 A, 600 VAC	J	5 A, 690 VAC	3RV 1021- 1FA10	
FSB	6SL3210- 5FE11-5UA0	10 A	3NA3 803-6	10 A, 690 VAC	3RV 1021- 1HA10	15 A, 600 VAC	J	10 A, 690 VAC	3RV 1021- 1HA10	
	6SL3210- 5FE12-0UA0	16 A	3NA3 805-6	16 A, 690 VAC	3RV 1021- 4AA10	15 A, 600 VAC	J	16 A, 690 VAC	3RV 1021- 4AA10	
FSC	6SL3210- 5FE13-5UA0	20 A	3NA3 807-6	20 A, 690 VAC	3RV 1021- 4BA10	25 A, 600 VAC	J	20 A, 690 VAC	3RV 1021- 4BA10	
	6SL3210- 5FE15-0UA0	20 A	3NA3 807-6	20 A, 690 VAC	3RV 1021- 4BA10	25 A, 600 VAC	J	20 A, 690 VAC	3RV 1021- 4BA10	
	6SL3210- 5FE17-0UA0	25 A	3NA3 810-6	25 A, 690 VAC	3RV 1021- 4DA10	25 A, 600 VAC	J	25 A, 690 VAC	3RV 1021- 4DA10	

For more information about the accessories, refer to SINAMICS V90, SIMOTICS S-1FL6 Operating Instructions.

2.5 Technical data

2.5.1 Technical data - servo drives

Order No.	6SL3210-5FE	10- 4UA0	10- 8UA0	11- 0UA0	11- 5UA0	12- 0UA0	13- 5UA0	15- 0UA0	17- 0UA0
Frame size		FSAA	FSA	FSA	FSB	FSB	FSC	FSC	FSC
Rated output cu	rrent (A)	1.2	2.1	3.0	5.3	7.8	11.0	12.6	13.2
Max. output current (A)			6.3	9.0	13.8	23.4	33.0	37.8	39.6
Max. supported	motor power (kW)	0.4	0.75	1.0	1.75	2.5	3.5	5.0	7.0
Output frequence	cy (Hz)	0 to 330	ı						
Power supply	Voltage/frequency	3-phase 380 VAC to 480 VAC, 50/60 Hz							
	Permissible voltage fluctuation	-15% to +10%							
	Permissible frequency fluctuation	-10% to +10%							
	Rated input current (A)	1.5	2.6	3.8	5.8	9.8	13.8	15.8	16.5

Order No.	6SL3210-5FE		10- 10- 11- 11- 12- 13- 15- 17- 4UAO 8UAO 0UAO 5UAO 0UAO 5UAO 0UAO										
Frame size			FSAA	FSA	FSA	FSB	FSB	FSC	FSC	FSC			
	Power supply (kVA)	capacity	1.7	3.0	4.3	6.6	11.1	15.7	18.0	18.9			
	Inrush current	: (A)	8.0	8.0	8.0	4.0	4.0	2.5	2.5	2.5			
24 VDC power	Voltage (V)		24 (-15°	% to +20%	a) ¹⁾								
supply	Maximum cur	rent (A)	1.6 A (when using a motor without a brake) 3.6 A (when using a motor with a brake)										
Overload capabil	lity			rated cur			-						
Control system	-		Servo c										
Braking resistor			Built-in										
Protective function	ons), overvolt nperature				
Speed control	Speed control	range	Analog	speed cor	nmand 1:	:2000, inte	rnal spee	d comma	nd 1:5000				
mode	Analog speed input	command	-10 VD0	C to +10 V	DC/rated	speed							
	Torque limit	,			ameter o	r the analo	og input co	ommand (0 V - +10				
Position control	Max. input pu	lse frequency	1 M (dif	ferential ir	nput), 200	kpps (op	en collecto	or input)					
mode	Command pu	Electron	1 M (differential input), 200 kpps (open collector input) Electronic gear ratio (A/B)										
	factor	A: 1 - 10000, B: 1 - 10000											
		1			1/50 < A/B < 200								
	In-position rar	0 - ±10000 pulse (command pulse unit)											
	Error excessive	±1/10 revolutions Set through a parameter or the analog input command											
	Torque limit												
Torque control mode	Analog torque input	command	-10 V to +10 VDC/max. torque (input impedance 10 kΩ - 12 kΩ)										
	Speed limit		Set through a parameter or the analog input command										
Cooling method	T	ı	Self-cod		Fan-coc								
Environmental conditions	Surrounding	Operation	0 °C to 45 °C: without power derating										
Conditions	air tempera- ture		45 °C to 55 °C: with power derating										
	taro		Note: For more information, refer to SINAMICS V90, SIMOTICS S-1FL6 Operating Instructions										
		Storage	<u> </u>	o +70 °C	10113								
	Surrounding	Operation		non-cond	ensina)								
	humidity	Storage	<u> </u>	on-conder									
	Operating env		Indoors (without direct sunlight), free from corrosive gas, combustible gas, oil gas, or dust										
	Altitude		≤ 1000 m (without power derating)										
	Degree of pro	tection	IP20			3 3 3 3 7							
	Degree of pol		Class 2										
	Vibration	Operation	Shock:	Operatio	nal area	II							
				1	celeration								
				Duration	of shock	: 30 ms							
			Vibration: Operational area II 10 Hz to 58 Hz: 0.075 mm deflection 58 Hz to 200 Hz: 1g vibration										
		Transport &											
		storage	tion:			g vibratio							
				Vibration class: 2M3 transportation									

Order No.	6SL3210-5FE	10- 4UA0	10- 8UA0	11- 0UA0	11- 5UA0	12- 0UA0	13- 5UA0	15- 0UA0	17- 0UA0
Frame size			FSA	FSA	FSB	FSB	FSC	FSC	FSC
Certifications	CE, UL, C-Tick, KCC, EAC								
Mechanical design	Outline dimensions (W x H x D, mm) 60 x		0 x 240						
Weight (kg)			2.500	2.510	3.055	3.130	6.515	6.615	6.615

When SINAMICS V90 works with a motor with a brake, the voltage tolerance of 24 VDC power supply must be -10% to +10% to meet the voltage requirement of the brake.

2.5.2 Technical data - servo motors

General technical data

Parameter		Description					
Cooling		Self-cooled					
Operating temp	erature [°C]	0 to 40 (without power derating)					
Storage temper	ature [°C]	-15 to +65					
Relative humidi	ty [RH]	90% (non-condensing a	at 30°C)				
Installation altitu	ude [m]	≤ 1000 (without power of	derating)				
Maximum noise	e level [dB]	1FL604 □ : 65	1FL606 □ :70	1FL609□: 70			
Vibration severi	ty grade	A (according to IEC 600	034-14)				
Shock resistant	ce [m/s²]	25 (continuous in axial (in a short time of 6 ms)		ious in radial direction); 250			
	Rated voltage (V)	24 ± 10%					
	Rated current (A)	1FL604□: 0.88	1FL606□ : 1.44	1FL609□: 1.88			
	Holding brake torque [Nm]	1FL604□: 3.5	1FL606□ : 12	1FL609□: 30			
Holding brake	Maximum brake opening time [ms]	1FL604□: 60	1FL606□ : 180	1FL609□: 220			
	Maximum brake closing time [ms]	1FL604□: 45	1FL606□ : 60	1FL609□: 115			
	Maximum number of emergency stops	2000 1)					
Bearing lifetime	[h]	> 20000 ²⁾					
Oil seal lifetime	[h]	5000					
Encoder lifetime	e [h]	20000 - 30000 ³⁾					
Degree of prote	ection	IP65, with shaft oil seal					
Type of constru	ction	IM B5, IM V1 and IM V3					
Certification		CE, EAC					

Restricted emergency stop operation is permissible. Up to 2000 braking operations can be executed with 300% rotor moment of inertia as external moment of inertia from a speed of 3000 RPM without the brake being subject to an inadmissible amount of wear.

²⁾ Integral solid state short circuit protection does not provide branch circuit protection. Branch circuit protection must be provided in accordance with the National Electrical Code and any additional local codes.

³⁾ SINAMICS V90 does not support motor overtemperature protection. Motor overtemperature is calculated by I²t and protected by the output current from the drive.

This lifetime is only for reference. When a motor keeps running at rated speed under rated load, replace its bearing after 20,000 to 30,000 hours of service time. Even if the time is not reached, the bearing must be replaced when unusual noise, vibration, or faults are found.

³⁾ This lifetime is only for reference. When a motor keeps running at 80% rated value and the surrounding temperature is 30 °C, the encoder lifetime can be ensured.

Specific technical data

Order No.	1FL60	42	44	61	62	64	66	67	90	92	94	96
Rated power	er [kW]	0.40	0.75	0.75	1.00	1.50	1.75	2.00	2.5	3.5	5.0	7.0 ¹⁾
Rated torqu	ue [Nm]	1.27	2.39	3.58	4.78	7.16	8.36	9.55	11.9	16.7	23.9	33.4
Maximum t [Nm]	orque	3.8	7.2	10.7	14.3	21.5	25.1	28.7	35.7	50.0	70.0	90.0
Rated spee	ed [rpm]	3000		2000					2000			
Maximum s [rpm]	speed	4000		3000					3000		2500	2000
Rated frequ	uency [Hz]	200		133					133			
Rated curre	ent [A]	1.2	2.1	2.5	3.0	4.6	5.3	5.9	7.8	11.0	12.6	13.2
Maximum o	current [A]	3.6	6.3	7.5	9.0	13.8	15.9	17.7	23.4	33.0	36.9	35.6
Moment of ⁴ kgm ²]	inertia [10 ⁻	2.7	5.2	8.0	15.3	15.3	22.6	29.9	47.4	69.1	90.8	134.3
Moment of (with brake kgm²]		3.2	5.7	9.1	16.4	16.4	23.7	31.0	56.3	77.9	99.7	143.2
Recommer to motor inc		< 1000%	6	< 500%					< 500%			
Weight of incremen-	With brake	4.6	6.4	8.6	11.3	11.3	14.0	16.6	21.3	25.7	30.3	39.1
tal en- coder motor [kg]	Without brake	3.3	5.1	5.6	8.3	8.3	11.0	13.6	15.3	19.7	24.3	33.2
Weight of absolute	With brake	4.4	6.2	8.3	11.0	11.0	13.6	16.3	20.9	25.3	29.9	38.7
encoder motor [kg]	Without brake	3.1	4.9	5.3	8.0	8.0	10.7	13.3	14.8	19.3	23.9	32.7

When the surrounding temperature is higher than 30 °C, the 1FL6096 motors with brake will have a power derating of 10%.

Note

The data of rated torque, rated power, and maximum torque in the above table allow a tolerance of 10%.

Power derating

For deviating conditions (surrounding temperature > 40 $^{\circ}$ C or installation altitude > 1000 m above sea level) the permissible torque/power must be determined from the following table. Surrounding temperatures and installation altitudes are rounded off to 5 $^{\circ}$ C and 500 m respectively.

Power derating as a function of the installation altitude and ambient temperature

Installation altitude above sea	Surrounding temperature in °C							
level (m)	< 30	30 to 40	45	50	55			
1000	1.07	1.00	0.96	0.92	0.87			
1500	1.04	0.97	0.93	0.89	0.84			
2000	1.00	0.94	0.90	0.86	0.82			
2500	0.96	0.90	0.86	0.83	0.78			
3000	0.92	0.86	0.82	0.79	0.75			
3500	0.88	0.82	0.79	0.75	0.71			
4000	0.82	0.77	0.74	0.71	0.67			

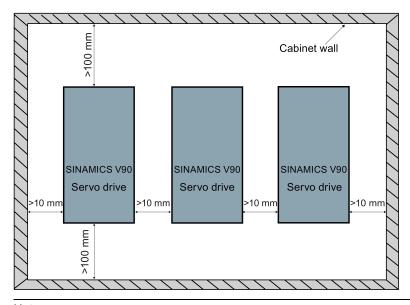
3 Mounting

3.1 Mounting the drive

For mounting conditions, see Section "Technical data - servo drives (Page 20)".

Mounting orientation and clearance

Mount the drive vertically in a shielded cabinet and observe the mounting clearances specified in the illustration below:

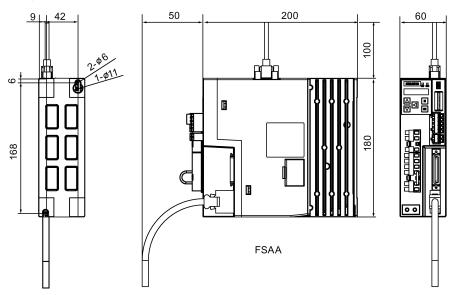


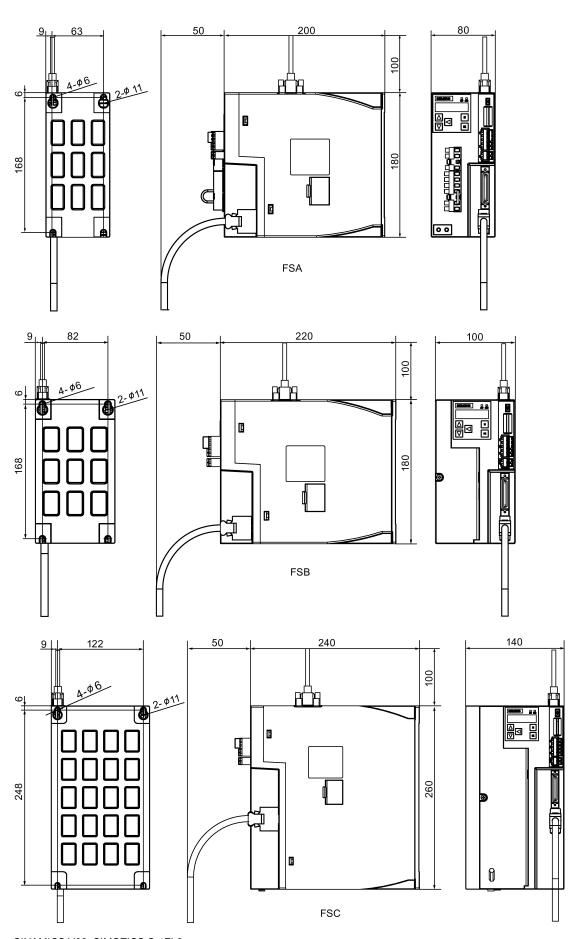
Note

The drive must be derated to 80% when the following conditions are satisfied:

- The surrounding temperature is 0 °C to 45 °C, and the mounting clearance is less than 10 mm. In this case, the minimum mounting clearance should not be less than 5 mm.
- The surrounding temperature is 45 °C to 55 °C. In this case, the minimum mounting clearance should not be less than 20 mm.

Drill patterns and outline dimensions





SINAMICS V90, SIMOTICS S-1FL6 A5E32100920-004, 07/2015

Mounting the drive

Use two M5 screws to mount the FSAA drive and four M5 screws to mount the FSA, FSB, and FSC drives. The recommended tightening torque is 2.0 Nm.

Note

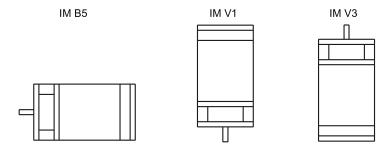
Taking EMC factors into account, you are recommended to mount the drive in a shielded cabinet.

3.2 Mounting the motor

For mounting conditions, see Technical data - servo motors (Page 22).

Mounting orientation

SIMOTICS S-1FL6 supports flange mounting only and three types of constructions.

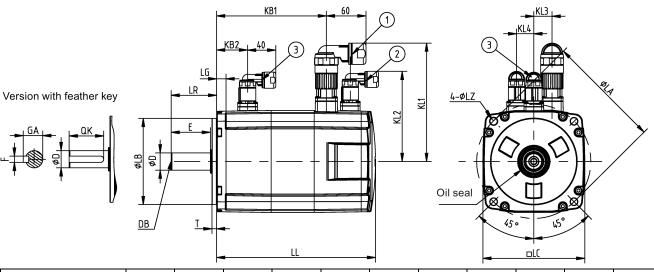


Note

When configuring the IM V3 type of construction, pay particular attention to the permissible axial force (weight force of the drive elements) and the necessary degree of protection.

Motor dimensions

1FL6 motor with incremental encoder (unit: mm)

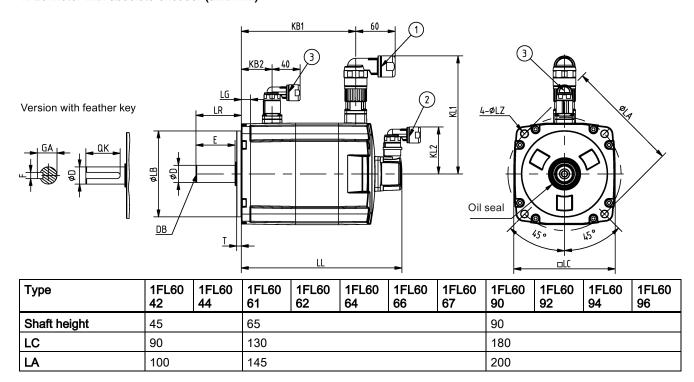


Туре	1FL60 42	1FL60 44	1FL60 61	1FL60 62	1FL60 64	1FL60 66	1FL60 67	1FL60 90	1FL60 92	1FL60 94	1FL60 96
Shaft height	45		65					90			
LC	90		130					180			
LA	100		145					200			
LZ	7		9	·		·		13.5			

Туре		1FL60 42	1FL60 44	1FL60 61	1FL60 62	1FL60 64	1FL60 66	1FL60 67	1FL60 90	1FL60 92	1FL60 94	1FL60 96		
LB		80		110					114.3					
LR	LR 35		58	58					80					
Т	T 4			6					3					
LG		10		12					18					
D		19		22					35					
DB		M6x16		M8x16					M12x25	i				
E		30		50					75					
QK		25		44					60					
GA		21.5		25						38				
F		6-0.03		8-0.036				10-0.036						
Without	LL	154.5	201.5	148	181	181	214	247	189.5	211.5	237.5	289.5		
brake	KB1	93.5	140.5	85.5	118.5	118.5	151.5	184.5	140	162	188	240		
	KB2	-		-					-					
With	LL	201	248	202.5	235.5	235.5	268.5	301.5	255	281	307	359		
brake	KB1	140	187	140	173	173	206	239	206	232	258	310		
	KB2	31.5		39.5					44.5					
KL1	KL1 129		151					177						
KL2	KL2 92		115				149							
KL3	KL3 -		23				34							
KL4		-		22					34	•		•		

- ①-Power cable connector, ②-Incremental encoder cable connector, ③-Brake cable connector. These connectors should be ordered separately. For the ordering information refer to Operating Instructions.
- The boundary dimension of encoder connector-2 and brake connector-3 are the same.
- Shaft height 90 mm motor has two M8 screws hole for eyebolts

1FL6 motor with absolute encoder (unit: mm)



Туре		1FL60 42	1FL60 44	1FL60 61	1FL60 62	1FL60 64	1FL60 66	1FL60 67	1FL60 90	1FL60 92	1FL60 94	1FL60 96	
LZ		7		9					13.5				
LB		80		110					114.3				
LR		35		58					80				
Т		4		6					3				
LG		10		12					18				
D		19		22					35				
DB		M6x16		M8x16					M12x25				
Е		30		50					75				
QK		25		44					60				
GA		21.5		25	25				38				
F		6-0.03		8-0.036	8-0.036					10-0.036			
Without	LL	157	204	151	184	184	217	250	197	223	249	301	
brake	KB1	100	147	92	125	125	158	191	135	161	187	239	
	KB2	-		-					-				
With	LL	203.5	250.5	205.5	238.5	238.5	271.5	304.5	263	289	315	367	
brake	KB1	147	194	147	180	180	213	246	201	227	253	305	
	KB2	31.5		39.5					44.5				
KL1		129		151					177				
KL2		60 60						60					
KL3		-		-					-				
KL4		-		-					-				

- ①-Power cable connector, ②-Absolute encoder cable connector, ③-Brake cable connector. These connectors should be ordered separately. For the ordering information refer to Operating Instructions.
- The boundary dimension of encoder connector-2 and brake connector-3 are the same.
- Shaft height 90 mm motor has two M8 screws hole for eyebolts

Mounting the motor



WARNING

Personal injury and material damage

Some motors, especially the 1FL609 are heavy. The excessive weight of the motor should be considered and any necessary assistance required for mounting should be sought.

Otherwise, the motor can fall down during mounting. This can result in serious personal injury or material damage.

NOTICE

Damage to the motor

If the liquid enters the motor, the motor may be damaged

During motor installation or operation, make sure that no liquid (water, oil, etc.) can penetrate into the motor. Besides, when installing the motor horizontally, make sure that the cable outlet faces downward to protect the motor from ingress of oil or water.

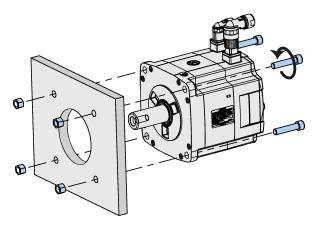
Note

Using the eyebolts

The 1FL609□ motor (90 mm shaft height) has two M8 screw holes for screwing in two eyebolts. Lift the 1FL609□ motor only at the eyebolts.

Eyebolts that have been screwed in must be either tightened or removed after mounting.

To ensure better heat dissipation, install a flange between the machine and the motor. You can install the motor onto the flange with 4 screws as shown in the following figure.



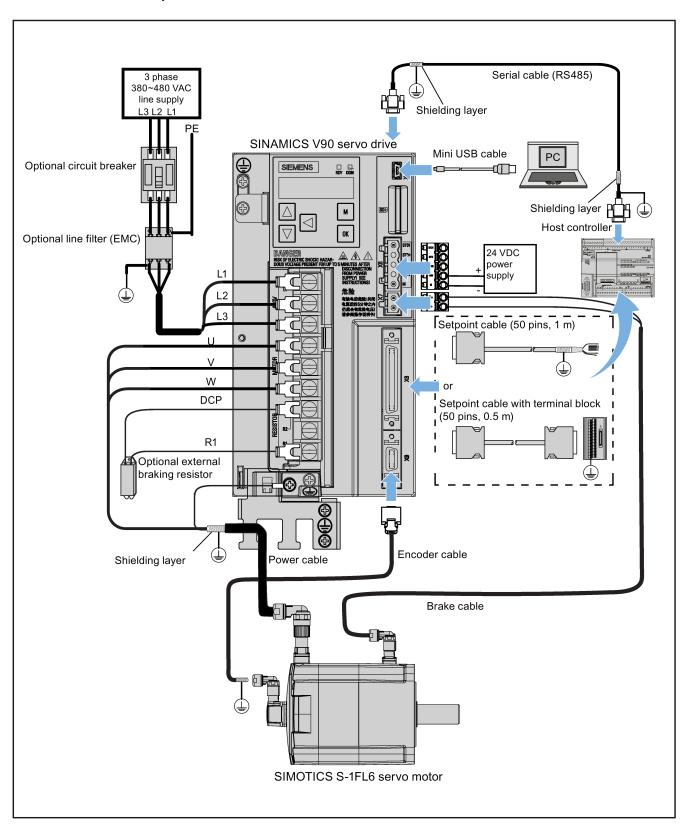
The information about the screws and the flange is as follows:

Motor	Screw	Recommended flange size	Tightening torque	Flange material
1FL604□	4 x M6	270 x 270 x 10 (mm)	8 Nm	Aluminum alloy
1FL606□	4 x M8	390 x 390 x 15 (mm)	20 Nm	
1FL609□	4 x M12	420 x 420 x 20 (mm)	85 Nm	

4 Connecting

4.1 System connection

The SINAMICS V90 servo system is connected as follows:



NOTICE

Important wiring information

In order to meet EMC requirements, all cables must be shielded cables.

The cable shields of shielded twisted-pair cables should be connected to the shielding plate or the cable clamp of the servo drive.

NOTICE

Drive damage caused by short-circuiting between the shielding wire and the pins on the connectors

The shielding wire may inadvertently be short-circuited to the pins on the to-be-assembled encoder connector and setpoint cable connector. This can cause damage to the drive.

Exercise caution when connecting the shielding cable to the connectors.

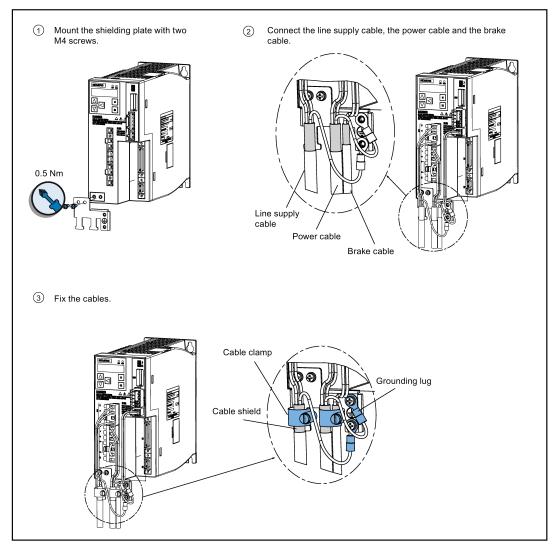
You can see the assembly methods in chapter "Assembly of cable terminals on the drive side" in SINAMICS V90, SIMOTICS S-1FL6 Operating Instructions for reference.

Note

The mini-USB interface of the SINAMICS V90 is used for fast commissioning and diagnostics with SINAMICS V-ASSISTANT installed in the PC. Do not use it for long monitoring.

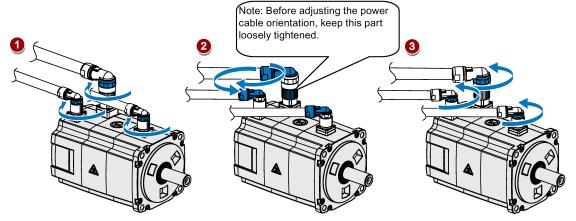
Connecting the cable shields with the shielding plate

To achieve EMC-compliant installation of the drive, use the shielding plate that is shipped with the drive to connect the cable shields. See the following example for steps to connect cable shields with the shielding plate:



Adjusting cable orientations from the motor side

From the motor side, you can adjust the orientation of the power cable, encoder cable, and brake cable to facilitate cable connection.



Rotate the screw rings clockwise to loosen the connectors.

Rotate the connectors to adjust the cable orientations.

Rotate the screw rings counterclockwise to tighten the connectors.

Note

Rotating the connectors

All the three motor-side connectors can be rotated only within 360°.

4.2 Main circuit wirings

4.2.1 Line supply - L1, L2, L3

Maximum conductor cross-section:

FSAA and FSA: 1.5 mm² (M2.5 screws, 4.43 lb.in/0.5 Nm) FSB and FSC: 2.5 mm² (M4 screws, 19.91 lb.in/2.25 Nm)

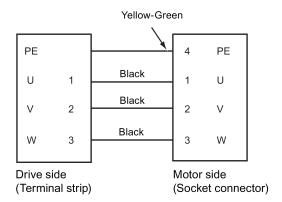
4.2.2 Motor power - U, V, W

Motor output - drive side

Maximum conductor cross-section:

FSAA and FSA: 1.5 mm² (M2.5 screws, 4.43 lb.in/0.5 Nm) FSB and FSC: 2.5 mm² (M4 screws, 19.91 lb.in/2.25 Nm)

Wiring



Plugging the motor power cable (FSAA and FSA)



Note

The FSB and FSC servo drives are equipped with barrier terminals for motor power connection. You can fix the motor power cable using the M4 screws on the servo drives.

4.3 Control/Status interface - X8

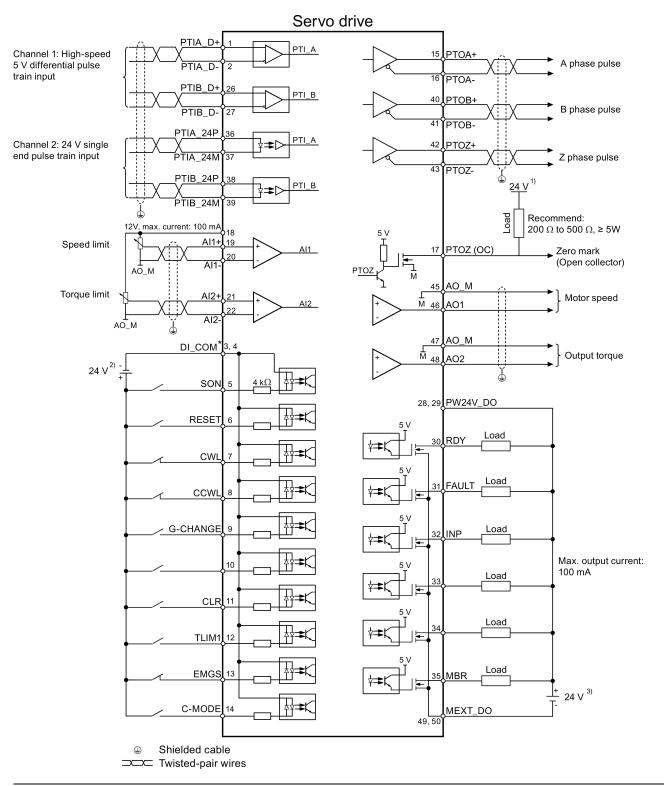
Interface definition

Signal type	Pin No.	Signal	Pin No.	Signal	Description					
24										
Pulse train inputs (PTI)/Pulse train encoder outputs (PTO)	1, 2, 26, 27	Position setpoin Exclusive for hig train input (RS48 Maximum freque	•	36, 37, 38, 39	24 V single er	oint with pulse train input. nd pulse train input quency: 200 kHz				
	15, 16, 40, 41		ion pulse output with high-speed ignals (A+/A-, B+/B-)	42, 43	Encoder Zero phase pulse output with high-speed 5 V differential signals					
	17	Encoder Zero pl collector	nase pulse output with open							
	1	PTIA_D+	High-speed 5 V differential pulse train input A (+)	15	PTOA+	High-speed 5 V differential pulse train encoder output A (+)				
	2	PTIA_D-	High-speed 5 V differential pulse train input A (-)	16	PTOA-	High-speed 5 V differential pulse train encoder output A (-)				
	26 PTIB_D+ High-speed 5 V differential pulse train input B (+)					High-speed 5 V differential pulse train encoder output B (+)				
	27	PTIB_D-	High-speed 5 V differential pulse train input B (-)	41	РТОВ-	High-speed 5 V differential pulse train encoder output B (-)				

Signal type	Pin No.	Signal	Description	Pin No.	Signal	Description
	36	PTIA_24P	24 V pulse train input A, positive	42	PTOZ+	High-speed 5 V differential pulse train encoder output Z (+)
	37	PTIA_24M	24 V pulse train input A, ground	43	PTOZ-	High-speed 5 V differential pulse train encoder output Z (-)
	38	PTIB_24P	24 V pulse train input B, positive	17	PTOZ (OC)	Pulse train encoder output Z signal (open collector output)
	39	PTIB_24M	24 V pulse train input B, ground			
Digital in- puts/outputs	3	DI_COM	Common terminal for digital inputs	14	DI10	Digital input 10
	4	DI_COM	Common terminal for digital inputs	28	P24V_DO	External 24 V supply for digital outputs
	5	DI1	Digital input 1	29	P24V_DO	External 24 V supply for digital outputs
	6	DI2	Digital input 2	30	DO1	Digital output 1
	7	DI3	Digital input 3	31	DO2	Digital output 2
	8	DI4	Digital input 4	32	DO3	Digital output 3
	9	DI5	Digital input 5	33	DO4	Digital output 4
	10	DI6	Digital input 6	34	DO5	Digital output 5
	11	DI7	Digital input 7	35	DO6	Digital output 6
	12	DI8	Digital input 8	49	MEXT_DO	External 24 V ground for digital outputs
	13	DI9	Digital input 9	50	MEXT_DO	External 24 V ground for digital outputs
Analog in- puts/outputs	18	P12Al	12 V power output for analog input	45	AO_M	Analog output ground
	19	Al1+	Analog input channel 1, positive	46	AO1	Analog output channel 1
	20	Al1-	Analog input channel 1, negative	47	AO_M	Analog output ground
	21	Al2+	Analog input channel 2, positive	48	AO2	Analog output channel 2
	22	Al2-	Analog input channel 2, negative			
None	23	-	Reserved	25	-	Reserved
	24	-	Reserved	44	-	Reserved

Standard wiring (four modes)

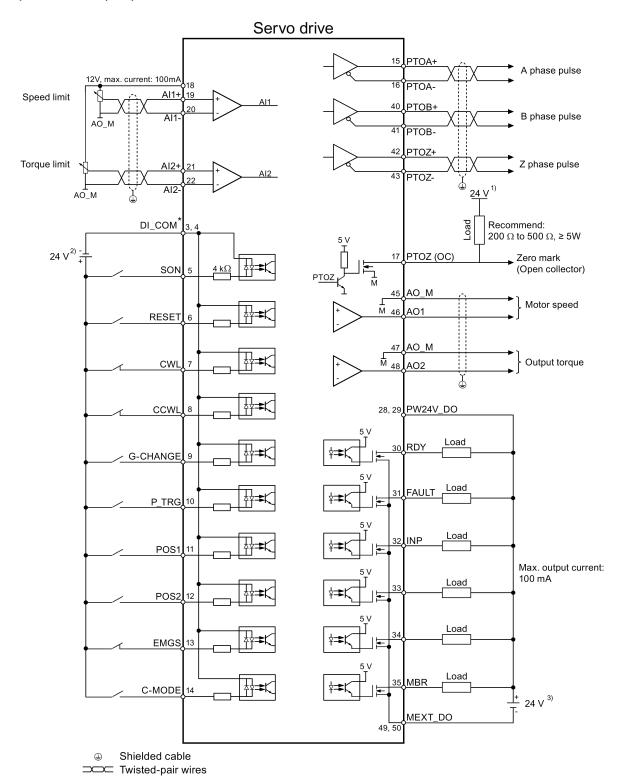
Pulse train input position control (PTI)



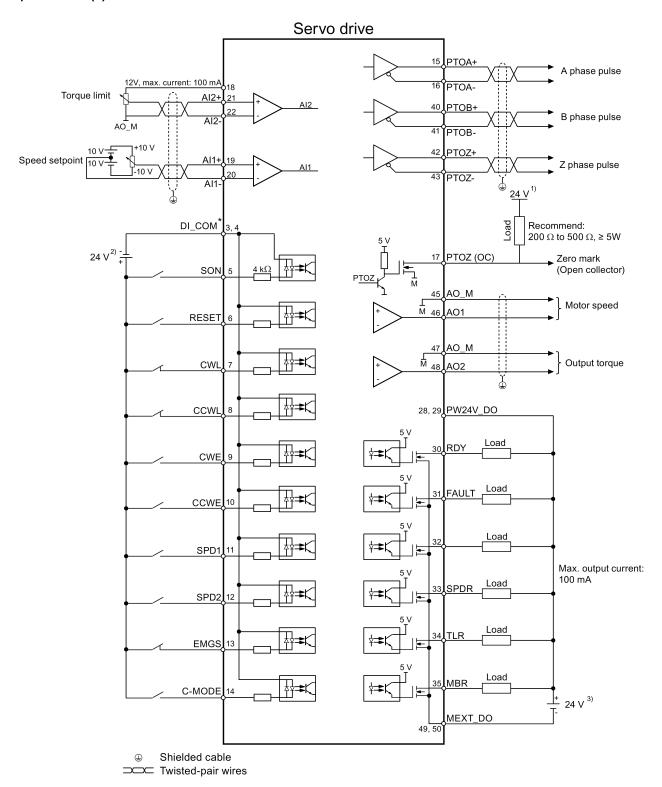
Note

Only one of the pulse train input channels can be used.

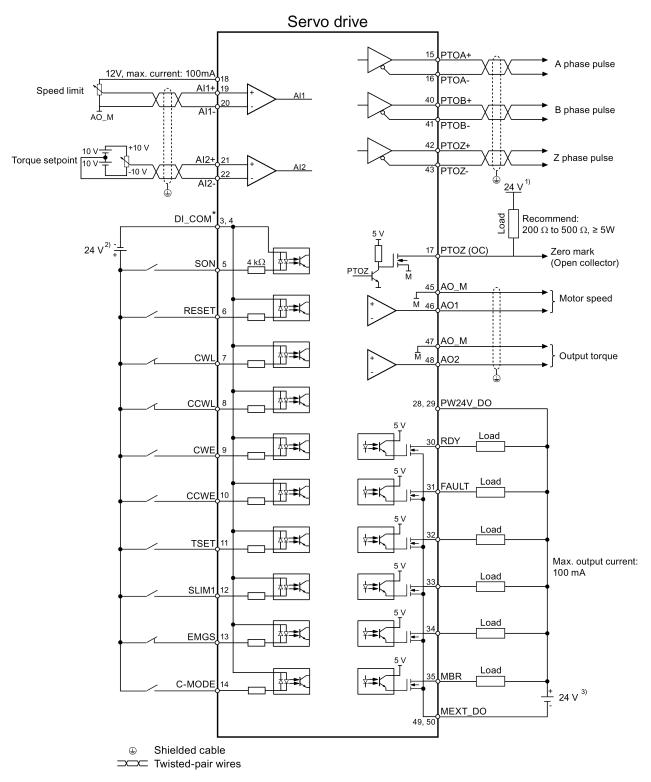
Internal position control (IPos)



Speed control (S)



Torque control (T)



Digital inputs, supporting both PNP and NPN types.

The 24 V power supplies in the connection diagrams are as follows:

- 24 V power supply for SINAMICS V90. All the PTO signals must be connected to the controller with the same 24 V power supply as SINAMICS V90.
- 2) Isolated digital input power supply. It can be the controller power supply.
- 3) Isolated digital output power supply. It can be the controller power supply.

4.4 24 V power supply/STO - X6

The pin assignment for the X6 interface is shown as follows:

Interface	Signal name	Description
	STO 1	Safe torque off channel 1
	STO+	Specific power supply for safe torque off
STO-	STO 2	Safe torque off channel 2
<u></u>	+24 V	Power supply, 24 VDC
STO2	M	Power supply, 0 VDC
	Maximum conductor cro	oss-section: 1.5 mm ²

Wiring



Material damages and personal injuries by the drop of a hanging axis

When the servo system is used as a hanging axis, the axis will drop if the positive and negative poles of the 24 V power supply are connected inversely. Unexpected drop of the hanging axis may cause material damages and personal injuries. Make sure that the 24 V power supply is correctly connected.



Material damages and personal injuries by the drop of a hanging axis

It is not allowed to use the STO with a hanging axis because the axis may drop. Unexpected drop of the hanging axis may cause material damages and personal injuries.

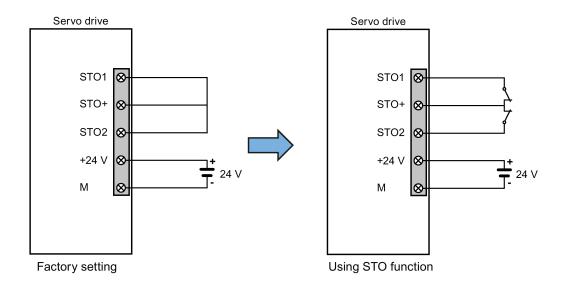
Note

Using the STO function

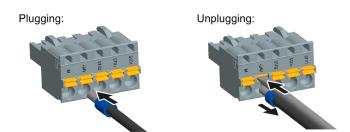
The STO1, STO+ and STO2 are short connected at the factory setting.

When the STO function is to be used, you must remove the short-circuit stick before connecting the STO interfaces. If you do not need to use it any more, you must reinsert the short-circuit stick; otherwise, the motor will not run.

For detailed information about the STO function, refer to chapter "Safety Integrated basic functions" of SINAMICS V90, SIMOTICS S-1FL6 Operating Instructions.



Plugging the 24 V power supply and STO cables



4.5 Encoder interface - X9

The SINAMICS V90 servo drive supports two kinds of encoders:

- Incremental encoder
- Absolute encoder

NOTICE

Cable shielding

The encoder cable must be shielded to meet the EMC requirements.

NOTICE

Drive damage caused by short-circuiting between the shielding wire and the unused pin on the encoder connector

The shielding wire may inadvertently be short-circuited to the unused pin on the to-be-assembled encoder connector. This can cause damage to the drive.

Exercise caution when connecting the shielding cable to the encoder connector.

For more information, see section "Assembly of cable terminals on the drive side" in the SINAMICS V90, SIMOTICS S-1FL6 Operating Instructions.

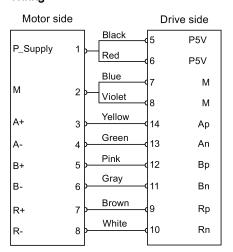
Encoder interface - drive side

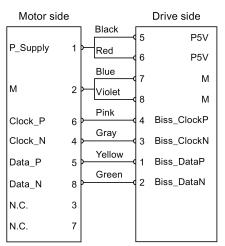
Illustration	Pin	Signal name	Description
	1	Biss_DataP	Absolute encoder data signal, positive
	2	Biss_DataN	Absolute encoder data signal, negative
	3	Biss_ClockN	Absolute encoder clock signal, negative
	4	Biss_ClockP	Absolute encoder clock signal, positive
	5	P5V	Encoder power supply, +5V
	6	P5V	Encoder power supply, +5V
<u></u>	7	М	Encoder power supply, grounding
	8	М	Encoder power supply, grounding
	9	Rp	Encoder R phase positive signal
	10	Rn	Encoder R phase negative signal
	11	Bn	Encoder B phase negative signal
	12	Вр	Encoder B phase positive signal
	13	An	Encoder A phase negative signal
	14	Ар	Encoder A phase positive signal
	Screw typ	e: UNC 4-40 (plug	-in terminal block)
	Tightenin	g torque: 0.5 - 0.6 l	Nm

Encoder connector - motor side

Illustration	Pin No.	Incremental encoder		Absolu	Absolute encoder	
		Signal	Description	Signal	Description	
	1	P_Supply	Power supply 5 V	P_Supply	Power supply 5 V	
10 07 20 8 06	2	M	Power supply 0 V	М	Power supply 0 V	
10 07 20 8 06 30 06 30 05	3	A+	Phase A+	n. c.	Not connected	
	4	A-	Phase A-	Clock_N	Inverted clock	
	5	B+	Phase B+	Data_P	Data	
	6	B-	Phase B-	Clock_P	Clock	
	7	R+	Phase R+	n. c.	Not connected	
	8	R-	Phase R-	Data_N	Inverted data	

Wiring





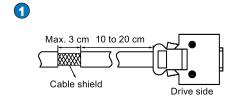
Incremental encoder

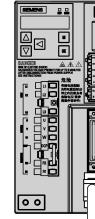
Absolute encoder

Grounding

To ensure better EMC effects, you are recommended to strip the encoder cable and connect the cable shield to earth, as shown in the following figure:

2





4.6 External braking resistor - DCP, R1

The SINAMICS V90 has been designed with an internal braking resistor to absorb regenerative energy from the motor. When the internal braking resistor cannot meet the braking requirements (e.g. the alarm A52901 is generated), you can connect an external braking resistor. For the selection of braking resistors, refer to chapter accessories of the SINAMICS V90, SIMOTICS S-1FL6 Operating Instructions.

Connecting an external braking resistor



Damage to the drive

Before connecting an external resistor to DCP and R1, remove the short-circuit stick on the connectors. Otherwise, the drive may be damaged.

For the connection of the external braking resistor, refer to Connecting (Page 30).

4.7 Motor holding brake - X7

You can connect the SINAMICS V90 servo drive to a servo motor with brake to use the function of motor holding brake.

4.8 RS485 interface - X12

The SINAMICS V90 servo drives support communication with the PLCs through the RS485 interface over the USS or MODBUS protocol.

Pin assignment

Illustration	Pin	Signal name	Description
	1	Reserved	Do not use
2 Reserved Do not use	Do not use		
	3	RS485+	RS485 differential signal
	4	Reserved	Do not use
	5	М	Ground to internal 3.3 V
	6	3.3 V	3.3 V power supply for internal signal
	7	Reserved	Do not use
	8	RS485-	RS485 differential signal
	9	Reserved	Do not use
Type: 9-pin, Su	ub-D, female		

5 Commissioning

Prior to commissioning, read "Introduction to the BOP (Page 44)" for more information about the BOP operations. In case of any faults or alarms during commissioning, refer to Chapter "Diagnostics (Page 87)" for detailed description.



Carefully read the safety instructions

Before your commissioning or operation, read Section "General safety instructions (Page 3)" and the safety instructions on "Commissioning/Operation" in Section "Auto hotspot" carefully. Failure to observe the instructions may cause serious effects.



Material damages and personal injuries by the drop of a hanging axis

When the servo system is used as a hanging axis, the axis will drop if the positive and negative poles of the 24 V power supply are connected inversely. Unexpected drop of the hanging axis may cause material damages and personal injuries.

Before commissioning, a crosstie must be used to hold the hanging axis in prevention of an unexpected drop. In addition, make sure that the 24 V power supply is correctly connected.

NOTICE

Plugging or unplugging the SD card will cause startup failure.

Do not plug or unplug the SD card during startup; otherwise, the drive will fail to start up.

NOTICE

Firmware damage due to drive power-off during data transfer

Switching off the 24 VDC power supply for the drive during data transfer from the SD card to the drive can cause damage to the drive firmware.

Do not switch off the drive power supply when the data transfer from the SD card to the drive is in process.

NOTICE

Existing setting data may be overwritten by the setting data on the SD card during startup.

- When a drive is switched on with an SD card containing user setting data, the existing setting data on the drive will be
 overwritten.
- When a drive is switched on with an SD card containing no user setting data, the drive will automatically save the
 existing user setting data onto the SD card.

Before starting up the drive with an SD card, check whether the SD card contains user setting data. Otherwise, the existing data on the drive may be overwritten.

Engineering tool - SINAMICS V-ASSISTANT

You can use the engineering tool SINAMICS V-ASSISTANT to perform the trial operation.

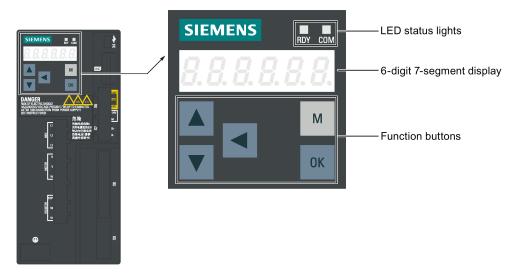
SINAMICS V-ASSISTANT is a software tool that can be installed on a PC and runs on the Windows operating system. It communicates with the SINAMICS V90 servo drive with a USB cable. With SINAMICS V-ASSISTANT, you can change drive parameters and monitor drive working states in online mode.

For more information, refer to SINAMICS V-ASSISTANT Online Help. You can search and download SINAMICS V-ASSISTANT from Technical support website (http://support.automation.siemens.com).

5.1 Introduction to the BOP

Overview

The SINAMICS V90 servo drive has been designed with a Basic Operator Panel (BOP) located on the front of the servo drive.



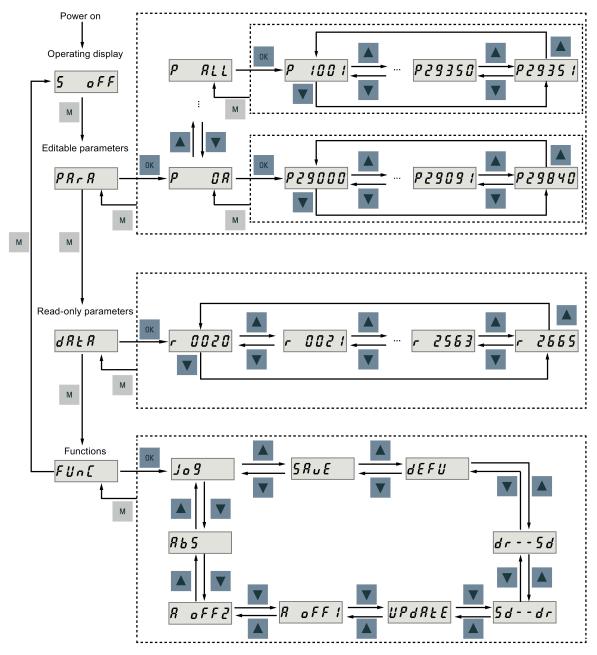
Button functions

Button	Description	Functions
Basic buttons		
М	M button	Exits from the current menu Switches between operating modes in the top level menu
ОК	OK button	Short-pressing: Confirms selection or input Enters sub menu Acknowledges faults Long-pressing: Activates auxiliary functions Sets Drive Bus address Jog Saves parameter set in drive (RAM to ROM) Sets parameter set to default Transfers data (drive to SD card) Transfers data (SD card to drive) Updates firmware
	UP button	Navigates to the next itemIncreases a valueJOG in CW (clockwise)
	DOWN button	Navigates to the previous itemDecreases a valueJOG in CCW (counter-clockwise)
-	SHIFT button	Moves the cursor from digit to digit for single digit editing, including the digit of positive/negative signs

Button	Description	Functions
Button combinations		
OK + M	Press M + OK buttons for four seconds	Restarts the drive
+	Press UP + SHIFT buttons	Moves current display to the left page when Γ is displayed at the upper right corner, for example $\Pi \Pi \Pi \Pi \Pi \Pi$.
+ 4	Press DOWN + SHIFT buttons	Moves current display to the right page when J is displayed at the lower right corner, for example D J J .

Menu structure

The overall menu structure of SINAMICS V90 BOP is designed as follows:



BOP displays

You can find the description and corresponding examples for BOP displays in the table below:

Display	Example	Description
8.8.8.8.8.	8.8.8.8.8.8.	Drive is in startup state
		Drive is busy
Fxxxxx	F 7985	Fault code, in the case of a single fault
F.xxxxx.	F. 7985.	Fault code of the first fault, in the case of multiple faults
Fxxxxx.	F 7985.	Fault code, in the case of multiple faults
Axxxxx	A 3 0 0 1 6	Alarm code, in the case of a single alarm
A.xxxxx.	R. 3 0 0 1 6.	Alarm code of the first alarm, in the case of multiple alarms
Axxxxx.	A 3 0 0 1 6.	Alarm code, in the case of multiple alarms
Rxxxxx	r 0031	Parameter number, read-only parameter
Pxxxxx	P 0840	Parameter number, editable parameter
P.xxxxx	P. 0840	Parameter number, editable parameter; the dot means that at least one parameter has been changed
In xx	in Bi	Indexed parameter Figure after "In" indicates the number of indices. For example, "In 01" means that this indexed parameter is 1.
XXX.XXX		Negative parameter value
70007000	- 23.345	Trogativo paramoto. Talas
xxx.xx<>	-21005	Current display can be moved to left or right
xxxx.xx>	46.	Current display can be moved to right
xxxx.xx<	00400	Current display can be moved to left
S Off	5 oFF	Operating display: servo off
Para	PArA	Editable parameter group
P 0x	P GR	Parameter group Six groups are available: 1. P0A: basic 2. P0B: gain adjustment 3. P0C: speed control 4. P0D: torque control 5. P0E: position control 6. P0F: IO

Display	Example	Description
Data	4	Read-only parameter group
Func	FUn[Function group
Jog	Jo 9	Jog function
Save	S A u E	Save data in drive
defu	d E F U	Restore drive to default settings
drsd	dr 5 d	Save data from drive to SD card
sddr	5 d d r	Upload data from SD card to drive
Update	UPAREE	Update firmware
A OFF1	R off!	Adjust Al1 offset
A OFF2	R off2	Adjust Al2 offset
ABS	<i>R b S</i>	The zero position has not been set
A.B.S.	R.b. 5.	The zero position has been set
r xxx	r 40	Actual speed (positive direction)
r -xxx	r -40	Actual speed (negative direction)
T x.x	Ł 0.4	Actual torque (positive direction)
T -x.x	Ł - 0.4	Actual torque (negative direction)
DCxxx.x	d C 5 4 9.0	Actual DC link voltage
Exxxxx	E 1853	Position following error
Con	[on	The communication between the SINAMICS V-ASSISTANT and the servo drive is established.
		In this case, the BOP is protected from any operations except clearing alarms and acknowledging faults.

5.2 Initial commissioning in JOG mode

Prerequisites

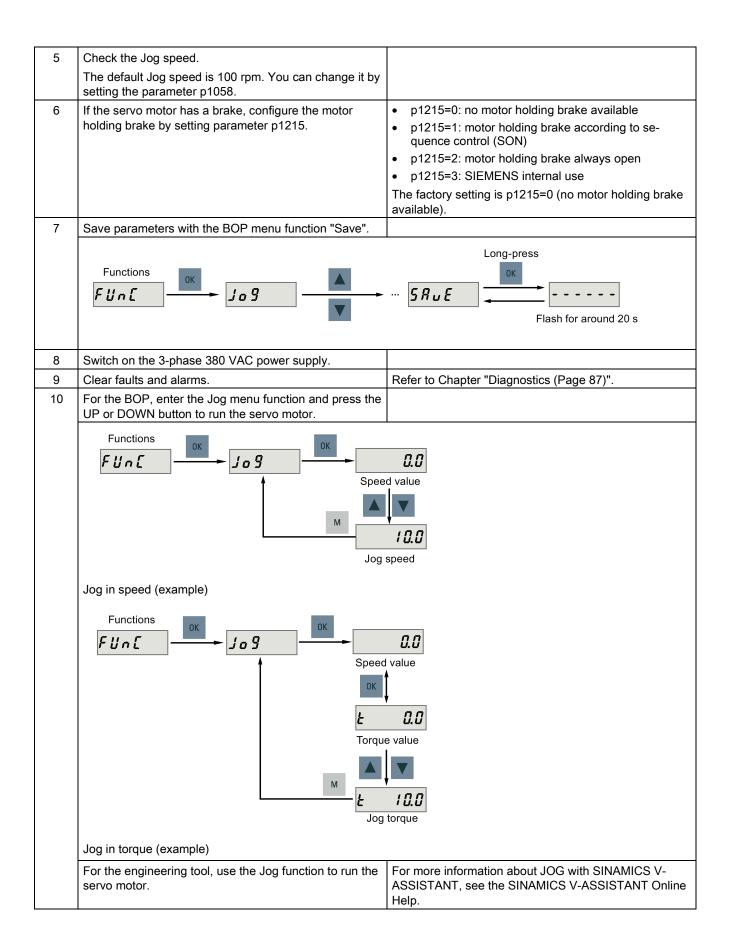
The servo drive is connected to the servo motor without load.

Operating sequence

Note

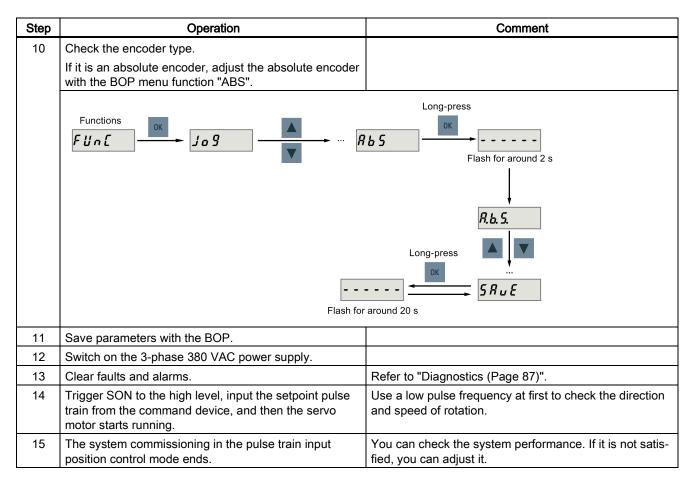
The digital signal EMGS **must** be kept at high level (1) to ensure normal operation.

Step	Operation	Comment
1	Connect necessary units and check wirings.	It is necessary to connect the following cables: Motor cable Encoder cable Brake cable Line supply cable 24 VDC cable
2	Switch on the 24 VDC power supply.	
3	Check the servo motor type. If the servo motor has an incremental encoder, input motor ID (p29000). If the servo motor has an absolute encoder, the servo drive can identify the servo motor automatically.	Fault F52984 occurs when the servo motor is not identified. You can find the motor ID from the motor rating plate. Refer to the descriptions about the motor rating plate in "Motor components (Page 16)".
4	Check the direction of motor rotation. The default direction of rotation is CW (clockwise). You can change it by setting the parameter p29001 if necessary.	p29001=0: CW p29001=1: CCW
	Operating display 5 of F M PR R OK Parameter group P OR P 29000 A Or Target parameter N Default	t value Desired value P.29003
	Setting a parameter without index (example) Operating display 5	_ OK _ M
	Parameter group P 08 P 29000 Target parameter In 0 M Setting a parameter with index (example)	Desired value M M P.290 12



5.3 Commissioning in pulse train position control mode (PTI)

Step	Operation Operation	Comment
1	Switch off the mains supply.	
2	Power off the servo drive and connect it to host controller (for example, SIMATIC PLCs) with the signal cable.	The digital signals CWL, CCWL and EMGS must be kept at high level (1) to ensure normal operation.
3	Switch on the 24 VDC power supply.	
4	 Check the servo motor type. If the servo motor has an incremental encoder, input motor ID (p29000). 	Fault F52984 occurs when the servo motor is not identified.
	 If the servo motor has an absolute encoder, the servo drive can identify the servo motor automati- cally. 	You can find the motor ID from the motor rating plate. Refer to the descriptions about the motor rating plate in "Motor components (Page 16)".
5	Check current control mode by viewing value of the parameter p29003. Pulse train input position control mode (p29003=0) is the factory setting of SINAMICS V90 servo drives.	Refer to "Selecting a control mode (Page 51)".
6	Save the parameter and restart the servo drive to apply the seting of the pulse train input position control mode.	
7	Select a setpoint pulse train input form by setting parameter p29010.	 p29010=0: pulse + direction, positive logic p29010=1: AB track, positive logic p29010=2: pulse + direction, negative logic p29010=3: AB track, negative logic The factory setting is p29010=0 (pulse + direction, positive logic).
		Refer to "Selecting a setpoint pulse train input form (Page 52)".
8	Select a pulse input channel by setting parameter p29014.	p29014=0: high-speed 5 V differential pulse train input (RS485)
		p29014=1: 24 V single end pulse train input
		24V single end pulse train input is the factory setting.
		Refer to "Selecting a setpoint pulse train input channel (Page 52)".
9	Set the electronic gear ratio.	You can use one of the following three methods to set the electronic gear ratio:
		Set the electronic gear ratio with parameters p29012 and p29013.
		 p29012: numerator of the electronic gear. Four numerators in total (p29012[0] to p29012[3]) are available.
		 p29013: denominator of the electronic gear.
		Set the setpoint pluses per revolution.
		 p29011: number of setpoint pulses per revolution.
		Calculate the electronic gear ratio by selecting mechanical structure.
		 For more information, see SINAMICS V90 V- ASSISTANT Online Help.
		Refer to "Calculating electronic gear ratio (Page 53)".



5.4 Commissioning control functions

5.4.1 Selecting a control mode

Selecting a basic control mode

You can select a basic control mode by directly setting parameter p29003:

Parameter	Setting Value	Description
p29003	0 (default)	Pulse train input position control mode
	1	Internal position control mode
	2	Speed control mode
	3	Torque control mode

Control mode change for a compound control mode

For a compound control mode, you can change between two basic control modes by setting the parameter p29003 and configuring the level sensitive signal C-MODE on DI10:

p29003	C-MODE		
	0 (the first control mode)	1 (the second control mode)	
4	PTI	S	
5	IPos	S	
6	PTI	Т	
7	IPos	Т	
8	S	Т	

Note

Note that if p29003 = 5 and the motor has been working in speed control mode for a certain perido of time; or p29003 = 7 and the motor has been working in torque control mode for a certain period of time, the fault code F7493 might appear on the drive BOP. This, however, will not cause the motor to stop. The motor remains operative under this circumstance and you can clear the fault code manually.

Note

Fault F52904 occurs when the control mode is changed via p29003. You must save the parameter and then re-power on the servo drive to apply relevant configurations.

Note

Switching conditions

For the switching from PTI or IPos to S or T, you are recommended to perform control mode switching after the INP (in position) signal is at high level.

For the switching from S or T to PTI or IPos, you can perform control mode switching only after the motor speed is lower than 30 rpm.

5.4.2 Selecting a setpoint pulse train input channel

As mentioned before, the SINAMICS V90 servo drive supports two channels for the setpoint pulse train input:

- 24 V single end pulse train input
- High-speed 5 V differential pulse train input

You can select one of these two channels by setting parameter p29014:

Parameter	Value	Setpoint pulse train input channel	Default
p29014	0	High-speed 5 V differential pulse train input	
	1	24V single end pulse train input	✓

The position pulse train inputs come from either of the following two terminal groups:

- X8-1 (PTIA_D+), X8-2 (PTIA_D-), X8-26 (PTIB_D+), X8-27 (PTIB_D-)
- X8-36 (PTI_A_24P), X8-37 (PTI_A_24M), X8-38 (PTI_B_24P), X8-39 (PTI_B_24M)

5.4.3 Selecting a setpoint pulse train input form

The SINAMICS V90 servo drive supports two kinds of setpoint pulse train input forms:

- AB track pulse
- Pulse + Direction

For both forms, positive logic and negative logic are supported:

Pulse train input form	Positive logic = 0		Negative	e logic = 1
	Forward (CW)	Reverse (CCW)	Forward (CW)	Reverse (CCW)
AB track pulse	A		A	
	в ЛЛД			
Pulse + Direction	Pulse Direction		Pulse — Direction —	

You can select one of the setpoint pulse train input forms by setting the parameter p29010:

Parameter	Value	Setpoint pulse train input form	Default
p29010	0	Pulse + Direction, positive logic	✓
	1	AB track, positive logic	
	2	Pulse + Direction, negative logic	
	3	AB track, negative logic	

Note

After modifying parameter p29010, you must save the parameter and then restart the drive to ensure normal operation. In this case, you must perform referencing again because the reference point will be lost after p29010 changes.

5.4.4 In position (INP)

When the deviation between the position setpoint and the actual position is within the preset in-position range specified in p2544, the signal INP (in position) is output.

Parameter settings

Parameter	Value range	Setting value	Unit	Description
p2544	0 to 2147483647	40 (default)	LU	Position window (in-position range)
p29332	1 to 13	3	-	Digital output 3 assignment

DO configuration

Signal type	Signal name	Pin assignment	Setting	Description
DO	INP	X8-32	1	Number of droop pulses is in the preset in-position range (parameter p2544)
			0	Droop pulses are beyond the in-position range

5.4.5 Calculating electronic gear ratio

Encoder specifications

The encoder specifications are shown as follows:

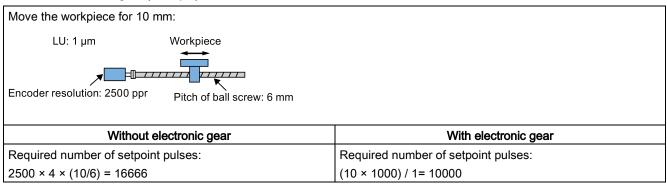


	▼	
	Туре	Resolution
Α	Incremental encoder	2500 ppr
L	Absolute encoder	20 bit single turn + 12 bit multi-turn

Electronic gear

With the function of electronic gear, you can define the motor revolutions according to the number of setpoint pulses, and sequentially define the distance of mechanical movement. The minimum travelling distance of load shaft according to one setpoint pulse is called a length unit (LU); for example, one pulse results in 1 μ m movement.

Benefits of electronic gear (example):



The electronic gear ratio is a multiplier factor to pulse train setpoint. It is realized with a numerator and a denominator. Four numerators (p29012[0], p29012[1], p29012[2]. p29012[3]) and one denominator (p29013) are used for the four electronic gear ratios:

Parameter	Range	Factory setting	Unit	Description
p29012[0]	1 to 10000	1	-	The first numerator of electronic gear
p29012[1]	1 to 10000	1	-	The second numerator of electronic gear
p29012[2]	1 to 10000	1	-	The third numerator of electronic gear
p29012[3]	1 to 10000	1	-	The forth numerator of electronic gear
p29013	1 to 10000	1	-	The denominator of electronic gear

These four electronic gear ratios can be selected with the combination of the digital input signals EGEAR1 and EGEAR2:

EGEAR2 : EGEAR1	Electronic gear ratio	Ratio value
0:0	Electronic gear ratio 1	p29012[0] : p29013
0 : 1	Electronic gear ratio 2	p29012[1] : p29013
1:0	Electronic gear ratio 3	p29012[2] : p29013
1:1	Electronic gear ratio 4	p29012[3] : p29013

Note

After a gear ratio is switched to another one via digital inputs, you need to wait five seconds and then perform SERVO ON.

Note

The range of electronic gear ratio is from 0.02 to 500.

The electronic gear ratio can be set at SERVO OFF state only. After the setting, you need to reference the drive again.

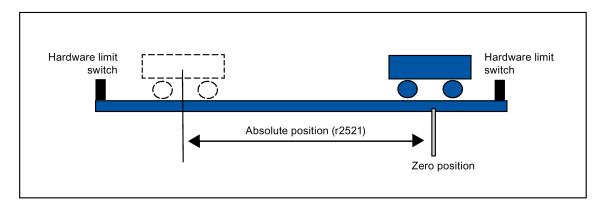
Examples for calculating the electronic gear ratio

Step	Description	Mechanism			
		Ball screw	Disc table		
		LU: 1 µm Load shaft Workpiece Encoder resolution: 2500 ppr Pitch of ball screw: 6 mm	LU: 0.01° Load shaft Motor Encoder resolution: 2500 ppr		
1	Identify mechanism	Pitch of ball screw: 6 mm Deduction gear ratio: 1:1	 Rotary angle: 360° Deduction gear ratio: 3:1 		
2	Identify encoder resolution	10000	10000		

3	Define LU		1 LU=1 μm	1 LU=0.01°
4 Calculate the travel distance per load shaft revolution			6/0.001=6000 LU	360°/0.01°=36000 LU
5 Calculate electronic gear ratio		ectronic	(1/6000) × (1/1) × 10000 = 10000/6000	(1/36000) × (3/1) × 10000 = 10000/12000
6	Set param- eters	p29012/p 29013	10000/6000 = 5/3	10000/12000 = 5/6

5.4.6 Absolute position system

When the SINAMICS V90 servo drive uses a servo motor with an absolute encoder, the current absolute position can be detected and transmitted to the controller. With this function of absolute position system, you can perform motion control task immediately after the servo system is powered on, which means you do not have to carry out referencing or zero position operation beforehand.



Restrictions

The absolute position system **cannot** be configured under the following conditions:

- Internal position control (IPos)
- Speed control (S)
- Torque control (T)
- Control change mode
- · Strokeless coordinate system, for example, rotary shaft, infinitely long positioning operation
- Change of electronic gear after referencing
- Use of alarm code output

6 Parameters

6.1 Overview

Parameter number

Numbers prefixed with an "r" indicate that parameter is a read-only parameter.

Numbers prefixed with a "P" indicate that the parameter is an editable parameter.

Effective

Indicates the conditions for making parameterization effective. Two conditions are possible:

- IM (Immediately): Parameter value becomes effective immediately after changing.
- RE (Reset): Parameter value becomes effective after repower-on.

Can be changed

This indicates when the parameter can be changed. Two states are possible:

- U (Run): Can be changed in the "Running" state when the drive is in the servo on state. The "RDY" LED lights up green.
- T (Ready to run): Can be changed in the "Ready" state when the drive is in the servo off state. The "RDY" LED lights up red.

Note

When judging the state of the drive according to the "RDY" LED, ensure that no faults or alarms exist.

Data type

Туре	Description
I16	16-bit integer
l32 32-bit integer	
U16	16 bits without sign
32 bits without sign	
Uint16 16-bit unsigned integer	
Uint32 32-bit unsigned integer	
Float	32-bit floating point number

Parameter groups

The SINAMICS V90 parameters are divided into the following groups:

Parameter group	Available parameters	Parameter group display on the BOP
Basic parameters	p290xx	P OR
Gain adjustment parameters	p291xx	Р ОБ
Speed control parameters	p10xx to p14xx, p21xx	P OE
Torque control parameters	p15xx to p16xx	P 0 d
Position control parameters	p25xx to p26xx, p292xx	P OE
I/O parameters	p293xx	P OF
Status monitoring parameters	All read-only parameters	d R Ł R

6.2 Parameter list

Editable parameters

The values of the parameters marked with an asterisk (*) may be changed after commissioning. Make sure you back up the parameters first as required if you desire to replace the motor. The default values of the parameters marked with two asterisks (**) are motor dependent. They may have different default values when different motor connected.

Par. No.	Name	Min	Max	Factory Setting	Unit	Data type	Effective	Can be changed			
p1001	Fixed speed setpoint 1	-210000.000	210000.000	0.000	rpm	Float	IM	T, U			
	Description: Sets a value for	or the fixed speed	/ velocity setp	point 1.							
p1002	Fixed speed setpoint 2	-210000.000	210000.000	0.000	rpm	Float	IM	T, U			
	Description: Sets a value for	or the fixed speed	/ velocity setp	ooint 2.							
p1003	Fixed speed setpoint 3	-210000.000	210000.000	00.000	rpm	Float	IM	T, U			
	Description: Sets a value for	or the fixed speed	/ velocity setp	ooint 3.							
p1004	Fixed speed setpoint 4	-210000.000	210000.000	0.000	rpm	Float	IM	T, U			
	Description: Sets a value for	or the fixed speed	l / velocity setp	ooint 4.							
p1005	Fixed speed setpoint 5	-210000.000	210000.000	0.000	rpm	Float	IM	T, U			
	Description: Sets a value for the fixed speed / velocity setpoint 5.										
p1006	Fixed speed setpoint 6	-210000.000	210000.000	0.000	rpm	Float	IM	T, U			
	Description: Sets a value for	or the fixed speed	/ velocity setp	ooint 6.							
p1007	Fixed speed setpoint 7	-210000.000	210000.000	0.000	rpm	Float	IM	T, U			
	Description: Sets a value for	or the fixed speed	/ velocity setp	ooint 7.							
p1058	Jog 1 speed setpoint	0.00	210000.000	100.00	rpm	Float	IM	Т			
	tally moved.	Description: Sets the speed/velocity for jog 1. Jogging is level-triggered and allows the motor to be incremen tally moved. Note: The parameter values displayed on the BOP are integers.									
	Note: The parameter value	1		egers.	1	1	1				
p1082 *	Description: Maximum speed	0.000	210000.000	1500.00 0	rpm	Float	IM	Т			
	Description: Sets the highest possible speed.										
	Notice: After the value has been modified, no further parameter modifications can be made.										
	Note: The parameter values displayed on the BOP are integers.										
	The parameter applies for both motor directions.										
	The parameter has a limiting effect and is the reference quantity for all ramp-up and ramp-down times (e.g. down ramps, ramp-function generator and motor potentiometer).										
	The range of the paramete						I	1			
p1083 *	Speed limit in positive direction of rotation	0.000	210000.000	210000. 000	rpm	Float	IM	T, U			
	Description: Sets the maximum speed for the positive direction.										
	Note: The parameter value	s displayed on th	e BOP are inte	egers.	1	1	1				
p1086 *	Speed limit in negative direction of rotation	-210000.000	0.000	- 210000. 000	rpm	Float	IM	T, U			
	Description: Sets the spee	d limit for the neg	ative direction.					•			
	Note: The parameter value	s displayed on th	e BOP are inte	egers.							
p1115	+		4	0		I16	IM	т			
p1115	Ramp-function generator selection	0	I	0		110	IIVI	Т			
p1115			or type.	0	_	110	IIVI				

Par. No.	Name	Min	Max	Factory Setting	Unit	Data type	Effective	Can be changed			
p1120	Ramp-function generator ramp-up time	0.000	999999.000	1	S	Float	IM	T, U			
	Description: The ramp-funmaximum speed (p1082) i		mps-up the sp	eed setpo	oint fro	m standstil	ll (setpoint = 0) up to the			
	Dependency: Refer to p10	82									
p1121	Ramp-function generator ramp-down time	0.000	999999.000	1	s	Float	IM	T, U			
	Description: Sets the ramp-down time for the ramp-function generator.										
	The ramp-function generator ramps-down the speed setpoint from the maximum speed (p1082) down to standstill (setpoint = 0) in this time.										
	Further, the ramp-down tin	ne is always effec	tive for OFF1.								
	Dependency: Refer to p10	82									
p1130	Ramp-function generator initial rounding-off time	0.000	30.000	0.000	s	Float	IM	T, U			
	Description: Sets the initial and ramp-down.	l rounding-off time	for the extend	ded ramp	genera	ator. The v	alue applies to	ramp-up			
	Note: Rounding-off times a	avoid an abrupt re	sponse and p	revent dar	nage to	the mech	nanical system	١.			
p1131	Ramp-function generator final rounding-off time	0.000	30.000	0.000	s	Float	IM	T, U			
	Description: Sets the final rounding-off time for the extended ramp generator. The value applies to ramp-up and ramp-down.										
	Note: Rounding-off times a	avoid an abrupt re	sponse and p	revent dar	nage t	the mech	nanical system	۱.			
p1215 *	Motor holding brake configuration	0	3	0	-	I16	IM	Т			
	Description: Sets the holdi	ng brake configur	ation.								
	Dependency: Refer to p12	16, p1217, p1226	, p1227, p122	8							
	Caution: For the setting p1215 = 0, if a brake is used, it remains closed. If the motor moves, this will destroy the brake.										
	Notice: If p1215 was set to 1 or if p1215 was set to 3, then when the pulses are suppressed, the brake is closed even if the motor is still rotating.										
	Note: If a holding brake integrated in the motor is used, then it is not permissible that p1215 is set to 3.										
	The parameter can only be	e set to zero wher	the pulses ar	e inhibited	d.						
p1216 *	Motor holding brake opening time	0	10000	100	ms	Float	IM	T, U			
	Description: Sets the time	to open the motor	holding brake	e.							
	After controlling the holding brake (opens), the speed/velocity setpoint remains at zero for this time. After this, the speed/velocity setpoint is enabled.										
	Dependency: Refer to p12	15, p1217									
	Note: For a motor with inte	grated brake, this	time is pre-as	ssigned th	e value	e saved in	the motor.				
	For p1216 = 0 ms, the mor	nitoring and the m	essage A793	1 "Brake d	oes no	ot open" ar	e deactivated.				
p1217 *	Motor holding brake closing time	0	10000	100	ms	Float	IM	T, U			
	Description: Sets the time	to apply the moto	r holding brake	е.							
	After OFF1 or OFF3 and the controlled for this time state when the time expires.										
	Dependency: Refer to p12	15, p1216									
	Note: For a motor with inte		time is pre-as	ssigned th	e value	saved in	the motor.				
	For p1217 = 0 ms, the mor	=	=	-				d.			
	1 1 2 1.2, 1.12	<u> </u>	<u> </u>								

Par. No.	Name	Min	Max	Factory Setting	Unit	Data type	Effective	Can be changed			
p1226	Threshold for zero speed detection	0.00	210000.00	20.00	rpm	Float	IM	T, U			
	Description: Sets the speed	d threshold for the	e standstill ide	ntification.							
	Acts on the actual value ar undershot, standstill is ider	•	oring. When br	aking with	OFF1	or OFF3,	when the thre	shold is			
	The following applies when	the brake contro	l is activated:								
	When the threshold is undershot, the brake control is started and the system waits for the brake closing time in p1217. The pulses are then suppressed.										
	If the brake control is not activated, the following applies:										
	When the threshold is undershot, the pulses are suppressed and the drive coasts down.										
	Dependency: Refer to p1215, p1216, p1217, p1227										
	Notice: For reasons relating indices 1 to 31 is overwritted							ero in			
	Note: Standstill is identified in the following cases:										
	- The speed actual value falls below the speed threshold in p1226 and the time started after this in p1228 has expired.										
	- The speed setpoint falls below the speed threshold in p1226 and the time started after this in p1227 has expired.										
	The actual value sensing is subject to measuring noise. For this reason, standstill cannot be detected if the speed threshold is too low.										
p1227	Zero speed detection monitoring time	0.000	300.000	300.000	s	Float	IM	T, U			
	Description: Sets the monit	oring time for the	standstill ider	ntification.							
	When braking with OFF1 o has fallen below p1226.	r OFF3, standstill	is identified a	fter this tir	ne has	expired, a	fter the setpo	int speed			
	After this, the brake control is started, the system waits for the closing time in p1217 and then the pulses are suppressed.										
	Dependency: Refer to p1215, p1216, p1217, p1226										
	Notice: The setpoint is not equal to zero dependent on the selected value. This can therefore cause the monitoring time in p1227 to be exceeded. In this case, for a driven motor, the pulses are not suppressed										
	Note: Standstill is identified in the following cases:										
	- The speed actual value falls below the speed threshold in p1226 and the time started after this in p1228 ha expired.										
	- The speed setpoint falls below the speed threshold in p1226 and the time started after this in p1227 has expired.										
	For p1227 = 300.000 s, the following applies:										
	Monitoring is de-activated.										
	For p1227 = 0.000 s, the fo	For p1227 = 0.000 s, the following applies:									
	With OFF1 or OFF3 and a "coasts" down.	ramp-down time	= 0, the pulses	s are imme	ediatel	y suppress	ed and the mo	otor			
p1228	Pulse suppression delay time	0.000	299.000	0.000	s	Float	IM	T, U			
	Description: Sets the delay least one of the following contact the set of the following contact the set of t			er OFF1 c	or OFF	3, the pulse	es are cancel	ed, if at			
	- The speed actual value fa pired.	alls below the thre	shold in p122	6 and the	time st	tarted after	this in p1228	has ex-			
	- The speed setpoint falls b	elow the thresho	ld in p1226 an	d the time	starte	d after this	in p1227 has	expired.			
	Dependency: Refer to p1226, p1227										
	Notice: When the motor ho closing time (p1217).	lding brake is act	ivated, pulse o	cancellatio	n is ac	Iditionally d	lelayed by the	brake			

Par. No.	Name	Min	Max	Factory Setting	Unit	Data type	Effective	Can be changed				
p1414	Speed setpoint filter activation	0000 bin	0011 bin	0000 bin	-	U16	IM	T, U				
	Description: Setting for act	ivating/de-activati	ing the speed	setpoint fil	ter.							
	Dependency: The individu	al speed setpoint	filters are para	ameterized	l as of	p1415.						
	Note: The drive unit displays the value in hex format. To know the logic (high/low) assignment to each bit, you must convert the hex number to the binary number, for example, FF (hex) = 11111111 (bin).											
p1415	Speed setpoint filter 1 type	0	2	0	-	l16	IM	T, U				
	Description: Sets the type	for speed setpoin	t filter 1.	•				•				
	Dependency:											
	PT1 low pass: p1416											
	PT2 low pass: p1417, p1418											
	General filter: p1417 p1420											
p1416	Speed setpoint filter 1 time constant	0.00	5000.00	0.00	ms	Float	IM	T, U				
	Description: Sets the time constant for the speed setpoint filter 1 (PT1).											
	Dependency: Refer to p14											
	Note: This parameter is or		filter is set as	a PT1 low	pass.							
p1417	Speed setpoint filter 1 denominator natural frequency	0.5	16000.0	1999.0	Hz	Float	IM	T, U				
	Description: Sets the deno	minator natural fr	equency for si	peed setpo	oint filte	er 1(PT2, g	eneral filter).					
	Dependency: Refer to p14			<u>'</u>		(, , 0	,					
	Note: This parameter is only effective if the speed filter is parameterized as a PT2 low pass or as general filter. The filter is only effective if the natural frequency is less than half of the sampling frequency.											
	The filter is only effective in	the natural frequ	ency is less th	nan half of	the sa	T	uency.	1				
p1418	Speed setpoint filter 1 denominator damping	0.001	10.000	0.700	-	Float	IM	T, U				
	Description: Sets the denominator damping for speed setpoint filter 1 (PT2, general filter).											
	Dependency: Refer to p1414, p1415											
	Note: This parameter is or filter.	ly effective if the	speed filter is	parameter	ized as	s a PT2 lov	v pass or as ge	eneral				
p1419	Speed setpoint filter 1 numerator natural frequency	0.5	16000.0	1999.0	Hz	Float	IM	T, U				
	Description: Sets the nume	erator natural freq	uency for spe	ed setpoin	t filter	1 (general	filter).					
	Dependency: Refer to p14	14, p1415										
	Note: This parameter is only effective if the speed filter is set as a general filter. The filter is only effective if the natural frequency is less than half of the sampling frequency.											
p1420	Speed setpoint filter 1	0.001	10.000	0.700	-	Float	IM	T, U				
p1420	numerator damping		Description: Sets the numerator damping for speed setpoint filter 1 (general filter).									
p1420	numerator damping	erator damping for	I r speed setpoi	int filter 1 (genera	al filter).	I					
p1420	numerator damping Description: Sets the numerator		r speed setpo	int filter 1 (genera	al filter).	1					
p1420	numerator damping Description: Sets the numerator Dependency: Refer to p14	14, p1415					1					
p1420	numerator damping Description: Sets the numerator	14, p1415					IM	T, U				

Par. No.	Name	Min	Max	Factory Setting	Unit	Data type	Effective	Can be changed			
	Dependency: PT1 low pass: p1422 PT2 low pass: p1423, p143 General filter: p1423 p14										
p1422	Speed setpoint filter 2 time constant	0.00	5000.00	0.00	ms	Float	IM	T, U			
	Description: Sets the time constant for the speed setpoint filter 2 (PT1).										
	Dependency: Refer to p1414, p1421										
	Note: This parameter is on	ly effective if the	speed filter is	set as a P	T1 low	pass.					
p1423	Speed setpoint filter 2 denominator natural frequency	0.5	16000.0	1999.0	Hz	Float	IM	T, U			
	Description: Sets the denominator natural frequency for speed setpoint filter 2 (PT2, general filter).										
	Dependency: Refer to p1414, p1421										
	Note: This parameter is on filter.							general			
	The filter is only effective if				the sa			1			
p1424	Speed setpoint filter 2 denominator damping	0.001	10.000	0.700	-	Float	IM	T, U			
	Description: Sets the deno	minator damping	for speed setp	ooint filter	2 (PT2	, general	filter).				
	Dependency: Refer to p14	14, p1421									
	Note: This parameter is on filter.	ly effective if the	speed filter is	parameter	ized as	s a PT2 lo	w pass or as g	general			
p1425	Speed setpoint filter 2 numerator natural frequency	0.5	16000.0	1999.0	Hz	Float	IM	T, U			
	Description: Sets the numerator natural frequency for speed setpoint filter 2 (general filter).										
	Dependency: Refer to p1414, p1421										
	Note: This parameter is only effective if the speed filter is set as a general filter.										
	The filter is only effective if the natural frequency is less than half of the sampling frequency.										
p1426	Speed setpoint filter 2 numerator damping	0.000	10.000	0.700	-	Float	IM	T, U			
		erator damping fo	r speed setpoi	int filter 2 (aenera	al filter).	I				
	Description: Sets the numerator damping for speed setpoint filter 2 (general filter). Dependency: Refer to p1414, p1421										
	Note: This parameter is only effective if the speed filter is set as a general filter.										
p1441	Actual speed smoothing time	0.00	50.00	0.00	ms	Float	IM	T, U			
	Description: Sets the smoothing time constant (PT1) for the speed actual value.										
	Note: The speed actual va			•			v pulse numbe	er.			
	After this parameter has be controller settings checked	een changed, we	recommend th	nat the spe			-				
p1520 *	Torque limit upper	-1000000.00	20000000.0		Nm	Float	IM	T, U			
	Description: Sets the fixed	upper torque limi	it.				•	·			
	Danger: Negative values win an uncontrollable fashio	hen setting the u		nit (p1520	< 0) c	an result i	n the motor ac	celerating			
	Notice: The maximum value depends on the maximum torque of the connected motor.										

Par. No.	Name	Min	Max	Factory Setting	Unit	Data type	Effective	Can be changed		
p1521 *	Torque limit lower	-20000000.00	1000000.00	0.00	Nm	Float	IM	T, U		
	Description: Sets the fixed	lower torque limit								
	Danger: Positive values whan uncontrollable fashion.	nen setting the lov	ver torque limi	t (p1521 >	• 0) caı	n result in t	he motor accel	erating in		
	Notice: The maximum value	e depends on the	maximum tor	que of the	conne	ected motor	r.			
p1656 *	Activates current setpoint filter	0000 bin	1111 bin	0001 bin	-	U16	IM	T, U		
	Description: Setting for act	ivating/de-activati	ng the current	setpoint f	ilter.					
	Dependency: The individual current setpoint filters are parameterized as of p1658.									
	Note: If not all of the filters drive unit displays the valu convert the hex number to	e in hex format. T	o know the log	gic (high/lo	ow) ass	signment to	each bit, you			
p1658 *	Current setpoint filter 1 denominator natural frequency	0.5	16000.0	1999.0	Hz	Float	IM	T, U		
	Description: Sets the deno	minator natural fre	equency for cu	ırrent setp	oint filt	ter 1 (PT2,	general filter).			
	Dependency: The current s	setpoint filter 1 is	activated via p	1656.0 ar	nd para	ameterized	via p1658 p	1659.		
p1659 *	Current setpoint filter 1 denominator damping	0.001	10.000	0.700	-	Float	IM	T, U		
	Description: Sets the denominator damping for current setpoint filter 1.									
	Dependency: The current s	setpoint filter 1 is	activated via p	1656.0 ar	nd para	ameterized	via p1658 p	1659.		
p1663	Current setpoint filter 2 denominator natural frequency	0.5	16000.0	500.0	Hz	Float	IM	T, U		
	Description: Sets the deno	minator natural fre	equency for cu	ırrent setp	oint filt	ter 2 (PT2,	general filter).			
	Dependency: Current setp	oint filter 2 is activ	ated via p165	6.1 and pa	aramet	terized via	p1663 p1666	3 .		
p1664	Current setpoint filter 2 denominator damping	0.001	10.000	0.300	-	Float	IM	T, U		
	Description: Sets the denominator damping for current setpoint filter 2.									
	Dependency: Current setp	oint filter 2 is activ	ated via p165	6.1 and pa	aramet	terized via	p1663 p1666	6.		
p1665	Current setpoint filter 2 numerator natural frequency	0.5	16000.0	500.0	Hz	Float	IM	T, U		
	Description: Sets the nume	erator natural freq	uency for curr	ent setpoii	nt filter	2 (general	filter).			
	Dependency: Current setp	oint filter 2 is activ	ated via p165	6.1 and pa	aramet	terized via	p1662 p1666	5.		
p1666	Current setpoint filter 2 numerator damping	0.000	10.000	0.010	-	Float	IM	T, U		
	Description: Sets the nume	erator damping for	r current setpo	int filter 2.						
	Dependency: Current setp	oint filter 2 is activ	ated via p165	6.1 and pa	aramet	terized via	p1663 p1666	5.		
p1668	Current setpoint filter 3 denominator natural frequency	0.5	16000.0	500.0	Hz	Float	IM	T, U		
	Description: Sets the deno	minator natural fre	equency for cu	ırrent setp	oint filt	ter 3 (PT2,	general filter).	<u> </u>		
	Dependency: Current setp			·		•	·	1.		
p1669	Current setpoint filter 3 denominator damping	0.001	10.000	0.300	-	Float	IM	T, U		
	Description: Sets the deno	minator damping	for current set	point filter	3.					
	Description: Sets the denominator damping for current setpoint filter 3. Dependency: Current setpoint filter 3 is activated via p1656.2 and parameterized via p1668 p1671.									

Par. No.	Name	Min	Max	Factory Setting	Unit	Data type	Effective	Can be changed		
p1670	Current setpoint filter 3 numerator natural frequency	0.5	16000.0	500.0	Hz	Float	IM	T, U		
	Description: Sets the nume	erator natural freq	uency for curr	ent setpoi	nt filter	3 (general	filter).			
	Dependency: Current setp	oint filter 3 is activ	ated via p165	6.2 and pa	aramet	terized via	p1668 p167	1.		
p1671	Current setpoint filter 3 numerator damping	0.000	10.000	0.010	-	Float	IM	T, U		
	Description: Sets the nume	erator damping for	r current setpo	oint filter 3.			•	•		
	Dependency: Current setp					terized via	p1668 p167	1.		
p1673	Current setpoint filter 4 denominator natural frequency	0.5	16000.0	500.0	Hz	Float	IM	T, U		
	Description: Sets the denominator natural frequency for current setpoint filter 4 (PT2, general filter).									
	Dependency: Current setp	oint filter 4 is activ	ated via p165	6.3 and pa	aramet	terized via	p1673 p167	5.		
p1674	Current setpoint filter 4 denominator damping	0.001	10.000	0.300	-	Float	IM	T, U		
	Description: Sets the deno	minator damping	for current set	tpoint filter	4.					
	Dependency: Current setp	oint filter 4 is activ	ated via p165	6.3 and pa	aramet	terized via	p1673 p167	5.		
p1675	Current setpoint filter 4 numerator natural frequency	0.5	16000.0	500.0	Hz	Float	IM	T, U		
	Description: Sets the nume	erator natural freq	uency for curr	ent setpoi	nt filter	4 (general	filter).			
	Dependency: Current setp	oint filter 4 is activ	ated via p165	6.3 and pa	aramet	terized via	p1673 p167	5.		
p1676	Current setpoint filter 4 numerator damping	0.000	10.000	0.010	-	Float	IM	T, U		
	Description: Sets the numerator damping for current setpoint filter 4.									
	Dependency: Current setpoint filter 4 is activated via p1656.3 and parameterized via p1673 p1675.									
p2153	Speed actual value filter time constant	0	1000000	0	ms	Float	IM	T, U		
	Description: Sets the time of The smoothed actual speed signals.				-	-		sages and		
p2161 *	Speed threshold 3	0.00	210000.00	10.00	rpm	Float	IM	T, U		
	Description: Sets the spee	d threshold value	for the signal	that indica	tes the	e axis is sta	ationary.	•		
p2162 *	Hysteresis speed n_act > n_max	0.00	60000.00	0.00	rpm	Float	IM	T, U		
	Description: Sets the hyste	eresis speed (ban	dwidth) for the	signal "n_	_act > :	n_max".				
	Note: For a negative speed limit, the hysteresis is effective below the limit value and for a positive speed limit above the limit value.									
	If significant overshoot occ advised to increase the dyn resis p2162 can only be incomotor is sufficiently greater	namic response o creased by more	of the speed co than 10% of th	ontroller (if	possil	ole). If this i	is insufficient, t	he hyste-		
	The range of the paramete	r is different wher	n connect with	different r	notors		1	1		
p2525	LR encoder adjustment offset	0	429496729 5	0	LU	U32	IM	Т		
	Description: For the absolute encoder adjustment, a drive determines the position offset.									
	Note: The position offset is adjustment and the user sh	-		oders. The	drive	determines	it when makin	g the		

Par. No.	Name	Min	Max	Factory Setting	Unit	Data type	Effective	Can be changed			
p2533	LR position setpoint filter time constant	0.00	1000.00	0.00	ms	Float	IM	T, U			
	Description: Sets the time	constant for the p	osition setpoir	nt filter (PT	1).						
	Note: The effective Kv fact	or (position loop g	gain) is reduce	d with the	filter.						
	This allows a softer control	behavior with im	proved tolerar	nce with re	spect	to noise/dis	sturbances.				
	Applications:										
	- Reduces the pre-control	dynamic response	э.								
	- Jerk limiting.										
p2542 *	LR standstill window	0	214748364 7	1000	LU	U32	IM	T, U			
	Description: Sets the standstill window for the standstill monitoring function.										
	After the standstill monitoring time expires, it is cyclically checked whether the difference between the setpoin and actual position is located within the standstill window and, if required, an appropriate fault is output.										
	Value = 0: The standstill monitoring is deactivated.										
	Dependency: Refer to: p2543, p2544, and F07450										
	Note: The following applies for the setting of the standstill and positioning window:										
	Standstill window (p2542)	≥ positioning wind	dow (p2544)				T				
p2543 *	LR standstill monitoring time	0.00	100000.00	200.00	ms	Float	IM	T, U			
	Description: Sets the stand	lstill monitoring tir	me for the star	ndstill mon	itoring	function.					
	After the standstill monitori and actual position is locat										
	Dependency: Refer to: p25	542, p2545, and F	07450								
	Note: The following applies	s for the setting of	the standstill	and position	oning ı	monitoring	time:				
	Standstill monitoring time (p2543) ≤ position	ing monitoring	time (p25	545)	•	_				
p2544 *	LR positioning window	0	214748364 7	40	LU	U32	IM	T, U			
	Description: Sets the positioning window for the positioning monitoring function.										
	After the positioning monitoring time expires, it is checked once as to whether the difference between the setpoint and actual position lies within the positioning window and if required an appropriate fault is output.										
	Value = 0> The positioning monitoring function is de-activated.										
	Dependency: Refer to F07451.										
	Note: The following applies for the setting of the standstill and positioning window:										
	Standstill window (p2542)	≥ positioning wind	dow (p2544)	1	,	T	1				
p2545 *	LR positioning monitoring time	0.00	100000.00	1000.00	ms	Float	IM	T, U			
	Description: Sets the positioning monitoring time for the positioning monitoring.										
	After the positioning monitor setpoint and actual position	•	•								
	Dependency: The range of	p2545 depends	on p2543.								
	Refer to: p2543, p2544, F0	7451									
	Note: The tolerance bandwidth is intended to prevent the dynamic following error monitoring incorrectly responding due to operational control sequences (for example, during load surges).										
	sponding due to operation				1	1100	15.4				
p2546 *	LR dynamic following error monitoring tolerance	0	214748364 7	1000	LU	U32	IM	T, U			
p2546 *	LR dynamic following		7			U32	IM	T, U			
p2546 *	LR dynamic following error monitoring tolerance	ance for the dynar	7 mic following e	error monit	toring.						

Par. No.	Name	Min	Max	Factory Setting	Unit	Data type	Effective	Can be changed				
	Dependency: Refer to r256	3, F07452										
	Note: The tolerance bandw sponding due to operational					g error mon	itoring incorre	ctly re-				
p2572 **	IPos maximum acceleration	1	2000000	Motor de- pendent	100 0 LU/s	U32	IM	Т				
	Description: Sets the maxim	l num acceleration	for the "basic	nositione	l " func	l tion (IPos)						
	Note: The maximum accele					1011 (11 03).						
	"Traversing blocks" operating mode:											
	The programmed acceleration override acts on the maximum acceleration.											
	"Direct setpoint input/MDI" mode:											
	The acceleration override is effective.											
	"Jog" and "search for reference" modes:											
	No acceleration override is	active. The axis	starts with the	maximum	accel	eration.						
p2573 **	IPos maximum deceleration	1	2000000	Motor de- pendent	100 0 LU/s	U32	IM	Т				
	Description: Sets the maxim	l num deceleration	for the "basic	: positione	r" func	tion (IPos)						
	Note: The maximum deceleration of the programmed decelerared "Direct setpoint input/MDI" The deceleration override is "Jog" and "search for reference to the programmed deceleration override is not deceleration override is "The deceleration override is "The deceleration override is "The maximum deceleration override is "The programmed deceleration override is "The deceleration overri	ng mode: tion override acts mode: s effective. ence" modes:	on the maxim	num decele	eration							
p2574	EPOS jerk limiting	1	100000000	10000	100	U32	IM	T, U				
					0 LU/s							
	Description: Sets the jerk limiting.											
	Dependency: Refer to p2572, p2573, p2575											
	Note: The jerk limiting is internally converted into a jerk time as follows:											
	Jerk time Tr = max(p2572,	-	•									
p2580	EPOS software limit switch minus	-2147482648	214748264 7	- 214748 2648	LU	132	IM	T, U				
	Description: Sets the softw	are limit switch in	the negative	<u> </u>	f trave	l.		<u>l</u>				
	Dependency: Refer to p25											
p2581	EPOS software limit switch plus	-2147482648	214748264 7	214748 2647	LU	132	IM	T, U				
	Description: Sets the softw	are limit switch in	the positive d	lirection of	travel	-						
	Dependency: Refer to p25	80, p2582										
p2582	EPOS software limit switch activation	-	-	0	-	U32/Bina ry	IM	Т				
	Description: Sets the signal	I source to activa	te the "softwa	re limit swi	tch".							
	Dependency: Refer to p25	80, p2581			-							

Par. No.	Name	Min	Max	Factory Setting	Unit	Data type	Effective	Can be changed		
	Caution: Software limit swi	tch effective:			•					
	- Axis is referenced.									
	Software limit switch ineffe	ctive:								
	- Modulo correction active.									
	- Search for reference is ex	xecuted.								
	Notice: Target position for	relative positionin	g outside soft	ware limit	switch:	•				
	The traversing block is started and the axis comes to a standstill at the software limit switch. An appropriate alarm is output and the traversing block is interrupted. Traversing blocks with valid position can be activated. Target position for absolute positioning outside software limit switch: In the "traversing blocks" mode, the traversing block is not started and an appropriate fault is output. Axis outside the valid traversing range: If the axis is already outside the valid traversing range, then an appropriate fault is output. The fault can be acknowledged at standstill. Traversing blocks with valid position can be activated.									
	Note: The traversing range	can also be limit	ed using STO	P cams.						
p2583	EPOS backlash compensation	-200000	200000	0	LU	132	IM	T, U		
	Description: Sets the amou	unt of play (backla	sh) for positiv	e or negat	ive pla	у.	•			
	 Description: Sets the amount of play (backlash) for positive or negative play. = 0: The backlash compensation is de-activated. 									
	> 0: Positive backlash (normal case)									
	When the direction is re	eversed the enco	der actual vali	ie leads th	ne acti	ıal value				
	• < 0: Negative backlash									
	When the direction is re	eversed, the actua	al value leads	the encod	er actu	ıal value.				
	Dependency: If a stationary axis is referenced by setting the reference point, or an adjusted with absolute encoder is powered up, then the setting of p2604 is relevant for entering the compensation value. p2604 = 1: Traveling in the positive direction -> A compensation value is immediately entered.									
	Traveling in the negative direction -> A compensation value is not entered p2604 = 0:									
	·									
	Traveling in the positive direction -> A compensation value is not entered									
	Traveling in the negative direction -> A compensation value is immediately entered. When again setting the reference point (a referenced axis) or for "flying referencing", p2604 is not relevant but instead the history of the axis.									
	Refer to p2604									
p2599	EPOS reference point coordinate value	-2147482648	214748264 7	0	LU	132	IM	T, U		
	Description: Sets the position value for the reference point coordinate. This value is set as the actual axis position after referencing or adjustment.									
	Dependency: Refer to p25	25								
p2600	EPOS search for reference point offset	-2147482648	214748264 7	0	LU	132	IM	T, U		
	Description: Sets the refere	ence point offset f	or search for r	eference.		ı	l .	ı		
p2604	EPOS search for reference start direction	-	-	0	-	U32/Bina ry	IM	Т		
		al sources for the	start direction	of the sea	rch for		<u> </u>	<u>I</u>		
	 Description: Sets the signal sources for the start direction of the search for reference. 1 signal: Start in the negative direction. 									
	0 signal: Start in the po	•								
	-									
	Dependency: Refer to p25									

Par. No.	Name	Min	Max	Factory Setting	Unit	Data type	Effective	Can be changed			
p2605	EPOS search for reference approach velocity reference cam	1	4000000	5000	100 0 LU/ min	U32	IM	T, U			
	Description: Sets the appro	oach velocity to th	e reference ca	am for the	search	n for refere	nce.				
	Dependency: The search for is a reference cam.	or reference only	starts with the	approach	veloc	ity to the re	ference cam w	hen there			
	Refer to p2604, p2606 Note: When traversing to the reference cam, the velocity override is effective. If, at the start of the search for reference, the axis is already at the reference cam, then the axis immediately starts to traverse to the zero mark.										
p2606	EPOS search for reference reference cam maximum distance	0	214748264 7	214748 2647	LU	U32	IM	T, U			
	Description: Sets the maximum distance after the start of the search for reference when traversing to the reference cam.										
	Dependency: Refer to p26	04, p2605, F0745	8								
	Note: When using a revers	ing cam, the max	imum distance	e must be	set ap	propriately	long.				
p2608	EPOS search for reference approach velocity zero mark	1	40000000	300	100 0 LU/ min	U32	IM	T, U			
	Description: Sets the appropriate search for reference.	pach velocity after	detecting the	reference	cam t	o search fo	r the zero mar	k for the			
	Dependency: If there is no to the zero mark. Refer to p2604, p2609	reference cam, th	ne search for r	eference i	mmed	iately starts	s with the axis t	raversing			
	Caution: If the reference cam is not adjusted so that at each search for reference the same zero mark for synchronization is detected, then an "incorrect" axis reference point is obtained.										
	After the reference cam has been left, the search for the zero mark is activated with a time delay due to internal factors. This is the reason that the reference cam should be adjusted in this center between two zero marks and the approach velocity should be adapted to the distance between two zero marks.										
	Note: The velocity override	is not effective w	hen traversing	g to the ze	ro mar	k.					
p2609	EPOS search for reference max. distance ref. cam and zero mark	0	214748264 7	20000	LU	U32	IM	T, U			
	Description: Sets the maximum distance after leaving the reference cam when traversing to the zero mark.										
	Dependency: Refer to p26	04, p2608, F0745	9								
p2611	EPOS search for reference approach velocity reference point	1	4000000	300	100 0 LU/ min	U32	IM	T, U			
	Description: Sets the appro	pach velocity after	detecting the	zero marl	k to ap	proach the	reference poin	t.			
	Dependency: Refer to p26						•				
	Note: When traversing to the		t, the velocity	override is	not ef	fective.					
p2617[0 7]	EPOS traversing block position	-2147482648	214748264 7	0	LU	132	IM	T, U			
-	Description: Sets the targe	t position for the t	raversing bloc	k.	•	•	•	•			
	Dependency: Refer to p26		- 3 2.00								
	Note: The target position is		ither relative o	or absolute	terme	depending	on n29241				
	1.15to: The target position is	- approaction in 6	or rolativo c	. associate		30ponding	, J., p20271.				

Par. No.	Name	Min	Max	Factory Setting	Unit	Data type	Effective	Can be changed			
p2618[0 7]	EPOS traversing block velocity	1	4000000	600	100 0 LU/ min	132	IM	T, U			
	Description: Sets the veloc	ity for the traversi	ing block.								
	Dependency: Refer to p26	17									
	Note: The velocity can be i	nfluenced using t	he velocity ov	erride (p26	646).						
p2691	MDI speed fixed setpoint	1	4000000	600	100 0 LU/ min	U32	IM	T, U			
	Description: Sets a fixed se	etpoint for the spe	ed.					•			
p2692	MDI acceleration over- ride, fixed setpoint	0.100	100.000	100.000	%	Float	IM	T, U			
	Description: Sets a fixed setpoint for the acceleration override.										
<u></u>	Note: The percentage value refers to the maximum acceleration (p2572).										
p2693	MDI deceleration over- ride, fixed setpoint	0.100	100.000	100.000	%	Float	IM	T, U			
	Description: Sets a fixed se	etpoint for the dec	eleration over	ride.							
İ	Note: The percentage value refers to the maximum deceleration (p2573).										
p29000 *	Motor ID	0	54251	0	-	U16	RE	Т			
	For a motor with an increm to 39. For a motor with an absolu to 10048.	te encoder, the d		ally reads			alue, ranging	from 10009			
p29001	Reversal of motor direction	0	1	0	-	I16	RE	Т			
	Description: Reversal of motor running direction. By default, CW is the positive direction while CCW the negative direction. After changing of p29001, reference point will lost, A7461 will remind user to referencing again. ourselversal 1: Reverse										
p29002	BOP display selection	0	4	0	-	I16	IM	T, U			
	Description: Selection of B O: Actual speed (defaul) 1: DC voltage 2: Actual torque 3: Actual position 4: Position following errors	t)									
p29003	Control mode	0	8	0	-	U16	RE	T			
,	Description: Selection of control mode. O: Position control with pulse train input (PTI) 1: Internal position control (IPos) 2: Speed control (S) 3: Torque control (T) 4: Control change mode: PTI/S 5: Control change mode: IPos/S 6: Control change mode: PTI/T 7: Control change mode: IPos/T 8: Control change mode: S/T Note: The compound control mode can be controlled by the digital input signal C-MODE. When DI10 (C-										

Par. No.	Name	Min	Max	Factory Setting	Unit	Data type	Effective	Can be changed	
p29004	RS485 address	1	31	1	-	U16	RE	Т	
	Description: Configuration of the RS485 bus address. The RS485 bus is used to transfer current absolute position of the servo drive to the controller/PLC.								
	Note: Changes only become	ne effective after p	power on. The	paramete	r isn't i	influenced	by default fun	ction.	
p29005	Braking resistor capacity percentage alarm threshold	1	100	100	%	Float	IM	Т	
	Description: Alarm triggering Alarm number: A52901	Description: Alarm triggering threshold for the capacity of the internal braking resistor.							
p29006	Line supply voltage	380/200	480/240	400/200	٧	U16	IM	Т	
	Description: Nominal Line s to +10% error.	supply voltage, ef	fective value of	of line to lin	ne volt	age. Drive	can operate w	vithin -15%	
p29007	RS485 protocol	0	2	1	-	I16	RE	Т	
	Description: Set the communication protocol for the field bus interface: O: No protocol 1: USS 2: Modbus Note: Changes only become effective after power on. The parameter isn't influenced by default function.								
p29008	Modbus control source	1	2	2	1 13111	I16	RE	T	
, , ,	Description: Select the Modbus control source: 1: Setpoint and control word from Modbus PZD 2: No control word No setpoint and control word from Modbus PZD								
	Note: Changes only become effective after power on.								
p29009	RS485 baud rate	5	13	8	-	I16	RE	Т	
	Description: Set the baud of 5: 4800 baud 6: 9600 baud 7: 19200 baud 8: 38400 baud 9: 57600 baud 10: 76800 baud 11: 93750 baud 12: 115200 baud 13: 187500 baud			The parar	neter i	s not influe	nced by defau	Ilt function	
p29010	PTI: Selection of input	0	3	0	-	U16	RE	T	
P 20010	pulse form Description: Selection of setpoint pulse train input form. After changing of p29010, reference point will lost, A7461 will remind user to referencing again. 0: Pulse + direction, positive logic 1: AB phase, positive logic 2: Pulse + direction, negative logic 3: AB phase, negative logic								
p29011	PTI: Number of Setpoint Pulse Per Revolution	0	16777215	0	-	U32	IM	Т	
	Description: The number o when the number of the se When this value is 0, the n	tpoint pulses read	ches this value	e.					

Par. No.	Name	Min	Max	Factory Setting	Unit	Data type	Effective	Can be changed		
p29012[0 .3]	PTI: Numerator of Electronic Gear	1	10000	1	-	U32	IM	Т		
	Description: The numerator of the electronic gear ratio for the setpoint pulses. For the servo system with an absolute encoder, the value range of p29012 is 1 to 10000.									
	Four numerators in total are available. You can select one of the numerators by configuring the digital input signal EGEAR.									
	For detailed information ab tions or use SINAMICS V-A				o the S	SINAMICS	V90 Operating	Instruc-		
p29013	PTI: Denominator of Electronic Gear	1	10000	1	-	U32	IM	Т		
	Description: The denomina	tor of the electror	nic gear for the	e setpoint	pulses					
p29014	PTI: Selection of Pulse input Electrical Level	0	1	1	-	l16	IM	Т		
	 Description: Selection of a logic level for the setpoint pulses. 0: 5 V 1: 24 V 									
p29016	PTI: Pulse Input Filter	0	1	[0] 0	-	I16	IM	Т		
	Description: Select filter for PTI input to get better EMC performance, 0 for low frequency PTI input, 1 for high frequency PTI input.									
p29019	RS485 monitor time	0	1999999	0	ms	Float	IM	Т		
	Description: Sets the monitoring time to monitor the process data received via the RS485 bus interface. If no process data is received within this time, then an appropriate message is output.									
	Note: If p29019 = 0, monito	oring is deactivate	ed.							
p29020[0	Tuning: Dynamic factor	1	35	18	-	U16	IM	T, U		
.1]	Description: The dynamic factor of auto tuning. 35 dynamic factors in total are available.									
	Index: • [0]: Dynamic factor for one-button auto tuning									
	[1]: Dynamic factor for it									
p29021	Tuning: Mode Selection	0	5	0	_	I16	IM	Т		
p20021	Description: Selection of a	_	10	10		1110	I IIVI	1.		
	0: Disabled	g								
	1: One-button auto tuni	ng								
	3: Real-time auto tuning	3: Real-time auto tuning								
	5: Disable with default of	controller parame	ters							
p29022	Tuning: Ratio of Total Inertia Moment to Motor Inertia Moment	1.00	10000.00	1.00	-	Float	IM	T, U		
	Description: Ratio of total inertia moment to servo motor inertia moment.									
p29023	Tuning: One-button auto tuning configuration	0	0xffff	0x0007	-	U16	IM	T, U		
	Description: One-button auto tuning configuration.									
	Bit 0: The speed controller gain is determined and set using a noise signal.									
	Bit 1: Possible required current setpoint filters are determined and set using a noise signal. As a consequence, a higer dynamic performance can be achieved in the speed control loop.									
	• Bit 2: The inertia moment ratio (p29022) can be measured after this function is running. If not set, the inertia moment ratio must be set manually with p29022.									
	 Bit 7: With this bit set, multi-axes are adapted to the dynamic response set in p29028. This is necessary for interpolating axes. The time in p29028 should be set according to the axis with the lowest dynamic re- sponse. 									

Par. No.	Name	Min	Max	Factory Setting	Unit	Data type	Effective	Can be changed		
p29024	Tuning: Real-time auto tuning configuration	0	0xffff	0x004c	-	U16	IM	Т		
	Description: Real-time auto tuning configuration.									
	Bit 2: The inertia moment ratio (p29022) is estimated while the motor is runing, if not set, the inertia moment ratio must be set manually with p29022.									
	• Bit 3: If not set, the inertia moment ratio (p29022) is estimated only once and the inertia estimator is deactivated automatically after the estimation is completed. If the bit is set to 1, the inertia moment ratio is estimated in real time and the controller adapts the parameters continuously. You are recommended to save the parameters when the estimation result is satisfied. After that, when you power on the drive next time, the controller will be started with the optimized parameters.									
	Bit 6: The adaption of current setpoint filter. This adaption may be necessary if a mechanical resonace frequency changes in operation. It can also be used to dampen a fixed resonace frequency. Once the control loop has stabilized, this bit should be deactivated and to save parameters in a non-volatile memory.									
	• Bit 7: With this bit set, multi-axes are adapted to the dynamic response set in p29028. This is necessary for interpolating axes. The time in p29028 should be set according to the axis with the lowest dynamic response.									
p29025	Tuning: Configuration overall	0	0x003f	0x0004	-	U16	IM	T, U		
	Description: Overall config	uration of auto tur	ning, apply for	both one-	button	and real-tir	me auto tuning	•		
	Bit 0: For significant differences between the motor and load moment of inertia, or for low dynamic performance of the controller, then the P controller becomes a PD controller in the position control loop. As a consequence, the dynamic performance of the position controller is increased. This function should only be set when the speed pre-control (bit 3 = 1) or the torque pre-control (bit 4 = 1) is active.									
	Bit 1: At low speeds, the controller gain factors are automatically reduced in order to avoid noise and oscillation at standstill. This setting is recommended for incremental encoders.									
	Bit 2: The estimated load moment of inertia is taken into account for the speed controller gain.									
	Bit 3: Activates the speed pre-control for the position controller.									
	Bit 4: Activates the torque pre-control for the position controller.									
	Bit 5: Adapts acceleration	on limit.		•		_				
p29026	Tuning: Test signal duration	0	5000	2000	ms	U32	IM	Т		
	Description: The duration time of the one-button auto tuning test signal.									
p29027	Tuning: Limit rotation of motor	0	3000	0	٥	U32	IM	Т		
	Description: The limit position with motor rotations during one-button auto tuning. The traversing range is limited within +/- p29027 degrees (motor run one revolution is 360 degree).									
p29028	Tuning: Pre-control time constant	0.0	60.0	7.5	ms	Float	IM	T, U		
	Description: Sets the time constant for the pre-control symmetrization for auto tuning.									
	As a consequence, the drive is allocated a defined, dynamic response via its pre-control.									
	For drives, which must interpolate with one another, the same value must be entered.									
	The higher this time constant is, the smoother the drive will follow the position set point. Note: This time constant is only effective when multi-axis interpolation is selected (bit 7 of p29023 and p29024).									
p29030	PTO: Number of pulse per revolution	0, 30	16384	1000	-	U32	IM	Т		
	Description: Number of output pulses per motor revolution. If this value is 0, the number of required output pulses is decided by the electronic gear ratio.									
p29031	PTO: Numerator of electronic gear	1	214700000 0	1	-	U32	IM	Т		
	Description: The numerator of the electronic gear ratio for the output pulses. For detailed information about the calculation of a numerator, refer to the SINAMICS V90 Operating Instructions or use the SINAMICS V-ASSISTANT to do the calculation.									

Par. No.	Name	Min	Max	Factory Setting	Unit	Data type	Effective	Can be changed		
p29032	PTO: Denominator electronic gear	1	214700000 0	1	-	U32	IM	Т		
	Description: The denominator of the electronic gear ratio for the output pulses.									
	For detailed information about the calculation of a denominator, refer to the SINAMICS V90 Operating Instructions or use the SINAMICS V-ASSISTANT to do the calculation.									
p29033	PTO: Direction change	0	1	0	-	I16	IM	Т		
	0: PTO positive	Description: Select the PTO direction. • 0: PTO positive								
	PTO direction does not change. PTO A leads PTO B with 90 degrees when the motor rotates in clockwise direction. PTO B leads PTO A with 90 degrees when the motor rotates in counter- clockwise direction. • 1: PTO negative									
	PTO direction changes. PTO A leads PTO B with 90 degrees when the motor rotates in counter-clockwise direction. PTO B leads PTO A with 90 degrees when the motor rotates in clockwise direction.									
p29035	VIBSUP activation	0	1	0	-	I16	IM	Т		
	Description: Select the VIBSUP on/off. Position setpoint filter can be activeated (p29035) for IPos control mode. • 0: Disable Filter is not activated. • 1: Enable Filter is activated.									
p29041[0 .1]	Torque Scaling	0	[0] 100 [1] 300	[0] 100 [1] 300	%	Float	IM	Т		
	 Description: [0]The scaling for the analog torque setpoint. With this parameter, you can specify the torque setpoint corresponding to full analog input (10 V). [1]The scaling for the analog torque limit. With this parameter, you can specify the torque limit corresponding to full analog input (10 V). You can select the internal parameters or the analog input as the source of the torque limit with the conation of the digital input signals TLIM1 and TLIM2. Index: [0]: TORQUESETSCALE [1]: TORQUELIMITSCALE 							he combi-		
p29042	Offset Adjustment for Analog input 2	-0.50	0.50	0.00	V	Float	IM	Т		
	Description: Offset adjustm	ent for the analog	j input 2.	1	1		Ţ	_		
p29043	Fixed Torque Setpoint	-100	100	0	%	Float	IM	U, T		
	Description: Fixed torque setpoint. You can select the internal parameters or the analog input as the source of the torque setpoint by configuring the digital input signal TSET.									
p29050[0	Torque limit upper	-150	300	300	%	Float	IM	Т		
.2]	Description: Positive torque	e limit.			•					
	Three internal torque limits in total are available.									
	You can select the internal tion of the digital input sign			as the so	urce o	f the torque	e limit with the o	combina-		

Par. No.	Name	Min	Max	Factory Setting	Unit	Data type	Effective	Can be changed			
p29051[0	Torque limit lower	-300	150	-300	%	Float	IM	Т			
.2]	Description: Negative torq	ue limit.									
	Three internal torque limits	s in total are avail	able.								
	You can select the internal parameters or the analog input as the source of the torque limit with the combination of the digital input signals TLIM1 and TLIM2.										
p29060 *	Speed Scaling	6	210000	3000	rpm	Float	IM	Т			
	Description: The scaling for	Description: The scaling for the analog speed setpoint.									
	With this parameter, you c	an specify the sp	eed setpoint	correspondi	ng to f	ull analog	input (10 V).				
p29061	Offset Adjustment for Analog input 1	-0.50	0.50	0.00	٧	Float	IM	Т			
	Description: Offset adjustn	nent for the analo	g input 1.								
p29070[0	Speed limit positive	0	210000	210000	rpm	Float	IM	Т			
.2] *	Description: Positive spee	d limit.									
	Three internal speed limits	in total are availa	able.								
	You can select the interna tion of the digital input sign			ut as the so	urce o	f the spee	ed limit with the	combina-			
p29071[0	Speed limit negative	-210000	0	-	rpm	Float	IM	Т			
.2] *				210000							
	Description: Negative spee	ed limit.									
	Three internal speed limits in total are available.										
	You can select the interna tion of the digital input sign			ut as the so	urce o	f the spee	ed limit with the	combina-			
p29075	Speed Clamp Threshold	0	200	200	rpm	Float	IM	Т			
	Description: The threshold for the zero speed clamp.										
	If the function of zero speed clamp has been enabled under the speed control mode, the motor speed is clamped to 0 when both the setpoint speed and the actual speed are below this threshold.										
p29078	Speed Reach Threshold	0.0	100.0	10	rpm	Float	IM	Т			
	Description: Speed reache	ed range (deviatio	n between se	etpoint and i	motor :	speed)					
p29080	Overload Threshold for Output Signal Triggering	10	300	100	%	Float	IM	Т			
	Description: Overload thre	shold for the outp	ut power.								
p29090	Offset Adjustment for Analog output 1	-0.50	0.50	0.00	٧	Float	IM	Т			
	Description: Offset adjustn	nent for analog ou	utput 1.								
p29091	Offset Adjustment for Analog output 2	-0.50	0.50	0.00	V	Float	IM	Т			
	Description: Offset adjustn	nent for analog ou	ıtput 2.								
p29110[0 .1] **	Position Loop Gain	0.000	300.000	[0] Motor de- pendent	100 0/mi n	Float	IM	T, U			
				[1] 1.000							
	Description: Position loop	_									
	Two position loop gains in digital input signal G-CHA					se two ga	ins by configur	ing the			
	The first position loop gain	is the default set	ting.								
	Dependency: The parame	ter value will be s	et to default a	after configu	ıring a	new moto	or ID (p29000)	·			

Par. No.	Name	Min	Max	Factory Setting	Unit	Data type	Effective	Can be changed
p29111	Speed Pre-control Factor (Feed Forward)	0.00	200.00	0.00	%	Float	IM	T, U
	Description: Setting to activated.	vate and weight th	ne speed pre-	control val	ue. Va	lue = 0 % -	-> The pre-cor	ntrol is de-
p29120[0 .1] **	Speed Loop Gain	0.00	999999.00	[0] Motor de- pendent [1] 0.30	Nms /rad	Float	IM	T, U
	Description: Speed loop ga	nin.						
	Two speed loop gains in to input signal G-CHANGE or	setting relevant	condition para		these	two gains	by configuring	the digital
	The first speed loop gain is		_					
	Dependency: The paramet		1	_	1	1	1	1
p29121[0 .1] *	Speed Loop Integral time	0.00	100000.00	[0] 15 [1] 20	ms	Float	IM	T, U
	Description: Speed loop in	-						
	Two speed loop integral tir configuring the digital input	signal G-CHANC	GE or setting r					alues by
	The first speed loop integra			itar aanfini	ırina a	now motor	ID (~20000)	
p29130	Dependency: The paramet	o er value will be so	et to default at	ter configu	iring a	I16	IM	Т
p29130	Selection	U	4		-	110	IIVI	'
	 0: Disabled 1: Switch through DI-G 2: Position deviation as 3: Pulse input frequenc 4: Actual speed as swit Note: Only when the auto to 	switch condition y as switch condi ch condition		sabled ca	n the a	ain switchiı	na function be	used.
p29131	Gain Switching Condition:	0	214748364	100	LU	132	IM	Т
	Pulse Deviation		7					
	Description: Triggers position and this condition is select Switch from the first growthan the threshold. Switch from the second er than the threshold.	ed: oup of control par	ameters to the	second g	roup w	hen the po	sition deviation	n is larger
p29132	Gain Switching Condition: Position Setpoint Frequency	0	214700006 4	100	100 0 LU/ min	Float	IM	Т
	Description: Triggers pulse switching. If the gain switch 1. PTI - Switch from the first is higher than the th - Switch from the sec er than the threshol 2. IPos - Switch from the first setpoint is larger than 5. Switch from the sec threshold.	a group of control are shold. The group of control are shold. The group of control are the threshold.	nabled and this parameters to trol parameter parameters to	s condition the secon ts to the fir	al posinis selend ground groun	ected: up when the up when the up when the	e pulse train in	put pulse put is low-

Par. No.	Name	Min	Max	Factory Setting	Unit	Data type	Effective	Can be changed			
p29133	Gain Switching Condition: Actual Speed	0	214700006 4	100	rpm	Float	IM	Т			
	Description: Triggers speed condition is selected:	d threshold for ga	in switching. I	f the gain :	switchi	ng function	is enabled an	d this			
	Switch from the first group of control parameters to the second group when the actual motor speed is larger than the threshold.										
	Switch from the second smaller than the thresh		parameters to	the first g	roup w	hen the ac	tual motor spe	ed is			
p29139	Gain switching Time Constant	8	1000	20	ms	Float	IM	Т			
	Description: Time constant system reliability.	for gain switching	g. Set this par	ameter to	avoid 1	requent ga	in switches tha	at reduces			
p29140	PI to P: Mode Selection	0	5	0	-	U16	IM	Т			
	Description: Selects a cond O: Disabled	dition for the switch	h from PI con	trol to P co	ontrol u	ınder the s	peed loop.	•			
	0: Disabled1: Torque is higher than	n a narameterizah	ale setting valu	ıΔ							
	2: Using the digital input	•	•								
	 3: Speed is higher than 	• ,	•	e.							
	 4: Acceleration is higher 	•	•								
	5: Pulse deviation is high	•		_							
	Note: Only when the auto to PI/P switching function be	uning function (p2		-		unction are	both disabled	can the			
p29141	PI to P Switching Condition: Torque	0	300	200	%	Float	IM	Т			
	Description: Triggers torque threshold for PI/P switching. If the PI/P switching function is enabled and this condition is selected:										
	Switch from the PI contSwitch from the P contr					_					
p29142	PI to P Switching Condition: Speed	0	210000	2000	rpm	Float	IM	Т			
	Description: Triggers speed threshold for PI/P switching. If the PI/P switching function is enabled and this condition is selected:										
	Switch from the PI contSwitch from the P contr			-		=					
p29143	PI to P Switching Condition: Acceleration	0	30000	20	rev/	Float	IM	Т			
	Description: Triggers acceleration threshold for PI/P switching. If the PI/P switching function is enabled and this condition is selected:										
	Switch from the PI cont	rol to the P contro	ol when the ac	tual accel	eration	is larger th	nan the thresho	old.			
	Switch from the P contr					_					
p29144	PI to P Switching Condition: Pulse Deviation	0	214748364 7	30000	LU	U32	IM	Т			
	Description: Triggers pulse this condition is selected:	deviation thresho	old for PI/P sw	vitching. If	the PI/	P switching	function is en	abled and			
	Switch from the PI cont	rol to the P contro	ol when the ac	tual pulse	deviat	ion is large	r than the thre	shold.			
	Switch from the P contr	ol to the PI contro	ol when the ac	tual pulse	deviat	ion is smal	ler than the thr	eshold.			

Par. No.	Name	Min	Max	Factory Setting	Unit	Data type	Effective	Can be changed
p29240	Select Referencing Mode	0	4	1	-	I16	IM	Т
	 Description: Selects refere 0: Referencing with ext 1: Referencing with ext 2: Referencing with zer 3: Referencing with ext 	ernal signal REF ernal reference ca o mark only		•	ark			
	4: Referencing with ext	ernal reference ca			k			1
p29241	Motion Mode	0	3	0	-	U16	IM	Т
	 Description: Moves mode s 0: means relative movin 1: means abs moving 2: POS Mod 3: NEG Mod 							
p29242	CLR Pulse Mode	0	2	0	_	U16	IM	Т
20045	Description: Select clear property of the control	n high level n rising edge	I.			Luco	lu.	1.
p29245	Axis mode state	0	1	0	-	U32	IM	Т
p29246 *	Description: Linear/modulo 0: Linear axis 1: Modulo axis EPOS modulo correction	n mode	214748264	360000	LU	U32	IM	Тт
p23240	module range		7			032	IIVI	'
00047 *	Description: Sets the modu	1	ı	1		1100	18.4	T_
p29247 *	Mechanical gear: pulse per revolution	1	214748364 7	10000	-	U32	IM	Т
	Description: LU per load re	volution	1		1			
p29248 *	Mechanical gear: numerator	1	1048576	1	-,	U32	IM	Т
	Description: (Load/Motor) l	oad revolutions						
p29249 *	Mechanical gear: denominator	1	1048576	1	-	U32	IM	Т
	Description: (Load/Motor) I	Motor revolutions						
p29250	PTI Absolute Position Mode Enable	0	1	0	-	U32	RE	Т
	Description: Absolute Position = 1 Enable Absolute Months = 0 Disable Absolute Months	ode						

Par. No.	Name	Min	Max	Factory Setting	Unit	Data type	Effective	Can be changed
p29300	Digital Input Forced Signals	0	127	0	-	U32	IM	T, U
	Description: Input signals a Bit 0: SON Bit 1: CWL Bit 2: CCWL Bit 3: TLIM1	are forced to be h	igh. 7 bits in t	otal.				
	Bit 4: SPD1Bit 5: TSETBit 6: EMGS							
	If one or more bits are set	to be high, the co	rresponding i	nput signal	s are f	orced to be	e logical high	signals.
	Note: The drive unit displa must convert the hex number	ber to the binary r	number, for ex			= 1111111	11 (bin).	_
p29301[0 .3]	Digital Input 1 Assignment	0	28	1	-	I16	IM	Т
	Description: Defines the full SON 1 RESET 2 CWL 3 CCWL 4 G-CHANGE 5 P-TRG 6 CLR 7 EGEAR1 8 EGEAR2 9 TLIMT1 10 TLIMT2 11 CWE 12 CCWE 13 ZSCLAMP 14 SPD1 15 SPD2 16 SPD3 17 TSET 18 SLIMT1 19 SLIMT2 20 POS1 21 POS2 22 POS3 23 REF 24 SREF 25 STEPF 26 STEPB 27 STEPH 28 Index: [0]: DI1 for Control mode [1]: DI1 for Control mode [2]: DI1 for Control mode [3]: DI1 for Control mode [3]: DI1 for Control mode	de 0 de 1 de 2	nput signal DI	1 (PTI mod	e)			

Par. No.	Name	Min	Max	Factory Setting	Unit	Data type	Effective	Can be changed			
p29302[0 .3]	Digital Input 2 Assign- ment	0	28	2	-	I16	IM	Т			
	Description: Defines the function of digital input signal DI2										
	Index:										
	• [0]: DI2 for Control mode 0										
	• [1]: DI2 for Control mod										
	• [2]: DI2 for Control mod										
	• [3]: DI2 for Control mod		T.,			1	T	1_			
p29303[0 .3]	Digital Input 3 Assign- ment	0	28	3	-	I16	IM	Т			
	Description: Defines the fu	nction of digital in	put signal DI3	i							
	Index:										
	• [0]: DI3 for Control mod										
	• [1]: DI3 for Control mod										
	[2]: DI3 for Control mod[3]: DI3 for Control mod										
p29304[0	Digital Input 4 Assign-	0	28	4		I16	IM	Т			
.3]	ment	0	20	4	-	110	IIVI	'			
	Description: Defines the fu	nction of digital in	put signal DI4								
	Index:										
	• [0]: DI4 for Control mode 0										
	• [1]: DI4 for Control mode 1										
	• [2]: DI4 for Control mode 2										
	• [3]: DI4 for Control mod		T	T		1	T	T_			
p29305[0 .3]	Digital Input 5 Assign- ment	0	28	[0] 5; [1] 5; [2]	-	I16	IM	Т			
.0]	mont			12; [3]							
				12							
	Description: Defines the function of digital input signal DI5										
	Index:										
	• [0]: DI5 for Control mode 0										
	• [1]: DI5 for Control mode 1										
	• [2]: DI5 for Control mod										
~2020010	• [3]: DI5 for Control mod		28	[0] 6, [4]		146	INA	T			
p29306[0 .3]	Digital Input 6 Assign- ment	0	28	[0] 6; [1] 6; [2]	-	116	IM	Т			
,				13; [3]							
				13							
	Description: Defines the fu	nction of digital in	put signal DI6	i							
	Index:										
	• [0]: DI6 for Control mod										
	• [1]: DI6 for Control mod										
	• [2]: DI6 for Control mod										
n20207f0	[3]: DI6 for Control mod Digital Input 7 Assign.		28	[0] 7: [4]		I16	IM	Т			
p29307[0 .3]	Digital Input 7 Assign- ment	0	20	[0] 7; [1] 21; [2]	_	110	IIVI	'			
				15; [3]							
				18							
	Description: Defines the fu	nction of digital in	put signal DI7								

	Name	Min	Max	Factory Setting	Unit	Data type	Effective	Can be changed
	Index: Igliant [0]: DI7 for Control modes [1]: DI7 for Control modes [2]: DI7 for Control modes [3]: DI7 for Control modes [4]:	de 1 de 2						
p29308[0 .3]	Digital Input 8 Assignment	0	28	[0] 10; [1] 22; [2] 16; [3] 19	-	I16	IM	Т
	Description: Defines the fu	nction of digital in	put signal DI8	•		1.	•	.
	Index: • [0]: DI8 for Control mod • [1]: DI8 for Control mod • [2]: DI8 for Control mod • [3]: DI8 for Control mod	de 1 de 2						
p29330	Digital Output 1 Assignment	1	13	1	-	I16	IM	Т
	2: FAULT3: INP4: ZSP5: SPDR6: TLR							
	 6: TLR 7: SPLR 8: MBR 9: OLL 10: WARNING1 11: WARNING2 12: REFOK 13: CM_STA 							
p29331	 7: SPLR 8: MBR 9: OLL 10: WARNING1 11: WARNING2 12: REFOK 13: CM_STA Digital Output 2 Assignment 	1	13	2	-	116	IM	Т
p29331 p29332	 7: SPLR 8: MBR 9: OLL 10: WARNING1 11: WARNING2 12: REFOK 13: CM_STA Digital Output 2 Assign- 				-	l16	IM IM	T
	T: SPLR S: MBR S: OLL 10: WARNING1 11: WARNING2 12: REFOK 13: CM_STA Digital Output 2 Assignment Description: Defines the further of the company of	nction of digital or 1 nction of digital or 1	utput signal D 13 utput signal D 13	O2 3 03 5				
p29332	T: SPLR S: MBR S: MBR S: OLL 10: WARNING1 11: WARNING2 12: REFOK 13: CM_STA Digital Output 2 Assignment Description: Defines the further of the fu	nction of digital or 1 nction of digital or 1	utput signal D 13 utput signal D 13	O2 3 03 5		116	IM	Т
p29332 p29333	T: SPLR S: MBR S: OLL OCCUPIENT COLE TO: WARNING1 TO: WARNING2 TO: REFOK TO: RE	nction of digital or 1 nction of digital or 1 nction of digital or	utput signal D 13 utput signal D 13 utput signal D 13 utput signal D	02 3 03 5 04 6		l16	IM IM	T
p29332 p29333	T: SPLR S: MBR S: MBR S: OLL 10: WARNING1 11: WARNING2 12: REFOK 13: CM_STA Digital Output 2 Assignment Description: Defines the further of the fu	nction of digital or 1 nction of digital or 1 nction of digital or	utput signal D 13 utput signal D 13 utput signal D 13 utput signal D	02 3 03 5 04 6		l16	IM IM	T

Par. No.	Name	Min	Max	Factory Setting	Unit	Data type	Effective	Can be changed
p29340	Warning 1 Assigned for Digital Output	1	6	1	-	U16	IM	Т
	Description: Defines condit	ions for WRN1.	I.	1.			l	1
	1: Motor overload prote	ction warning: 85	% of overload	threshold	has be	een reache	d.	
	2: Holding brake power	overload warning	j: 85% of over	load thres	hold h	as been rea	ached.	
	3: Fan warning: fan has	stopped for more	e than 1 s.					
	 4: Encoder warning 							
	5: Motor overtemperatu	-	-					
	6: Capacitor service life	warning: The cap	pacitor has rea	1	expiry,	so replace	it.	
p29341	Warning 2 Assigned for Digital Output	1	6	2	-	U16	IM	Т
	Description: Defines condit	ions for WARNIN	G2.					
	1: Motor overload prote	ction warning: 85	% of overload	threshold	has be	een reache	d.	
	2: Holding brake power	overload warning	j: 85% of over	load thres	hold h	as been rea	ached.	
	3: Fan warning: life time	e of fan expired (4	0000 hours),	replaceme	ent of f	an needed.		
	 4: Encoder warning 							
	5: Motor overtemperatu	-	-					
	6: Capacitor service life	warning: The cap	pacitor has rea	ached its e	expiry,	1		
p29350	Select sources for analog output 1	0	12	0	-	U16	IM	Т
	Description: Selects signal	source for analog	output 1.					•
	0: Actual speed (referen	nce p29060)						
	1: Actual torque (refere	nce 3 × r0333)						
	2: Speed setpoint (refer	rence p29060)						
	3: Torque setpoint (refe	rence 3 × r0333)						
	4: DC bus voltage (refe	rence 1000 V)						
	• 5: Pulse input frequence							
	6: Pulse input frequence							
	7: Pulse input frequence	• •	•					
	8: Pulse input frequence							
	9: Remaining number of		,					
	10: Remaining number							
	11: Remaining number	•	•					
00054	12: Remaining number			T .		1140	Lina	T-
p29351	Select Signal Source for Analog 2	0	12	1	-	U16	IM	Т
	Description: Selects signals	s for analog outpu	ıt 2.					
	0: Actual speed (referen	nce p29060)						
	1: Actual torque (refere	nce 3 × r0333)						
	2: Speed setpoint (refer	rence p29060)						
	• 3: Torque setpoint (refe	rence 3 × r0333)						
	4: DC bus voltage (refe	rence 1000 V)						
	5: Pulse input frequence	y (reference 1k)						
	6: Pulse input frequence	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •						
	7: Pulse input frequence	y (reference 100k)					
	8: Pulse input frequence		-					
	9: Remaining number of		-					
	10: Remaining number		•					
	 11: Remaining number 		· ·					
	 12: Remaining number 		•					
	- 12. Remaining number	or barges (referen	100 1000K)					

Par. No.	Name	Min	Max	Factory Setting	Unit	Data type	Effective	Can be changed			
p31581	VIBSUP: Filter type	0	1	0	-	I16	IM	Т			
	Description: Sets the filter type for VIBSUP. Depending on the selected filter type, the VIBSUP filter resmotion sequences that take somewhat longer.										
	• 0: The rugged VIBSUP filter has a lower sensitivity to frequency offsets compared with the sensitive filter type, but results in a higher delay of the motion sequence. The total motion sequence is extended by the time period T _d (T _d = 1/f _d).										
	1: The sensitive VIBSUP filter has a higher sensitivity to frequency offsets compared with the rugged filte type, but results in a lower delay of the motion sequence. The total motion sequence is extended by half the time period T _d /2 (T _d = 1/f _d).							_			
p31585	VIBSUP: Filter frequency f _d	0.5	62.5	1	Hz	Float 32	IM	Т			
	Description: Sets the freque be determined by making the determined by the de	•		ation of th	e mec	hanical sys	tem. This frequ	ency can			
	Note: The maximum freque	ency that can be s	et depends o	n the filter	sampli	ing time.					
p31586	VIBSUP: Filter damping	0.00	0.99	0.03	-	Float 32	IM	Т			
		Description: Sets the value for the damping of the natural mechanical vibration to be filtered. Typically, the damping value is about 0.03, and can be optimized by performing the appropriate positioning tests.									

Read-only parameters

Par. No.	Name	Unit	Data type					
r0020	Speed setpoint smoothed	rpm	Float					
	Description: Displays the currently smoothed speed setpoint at characteristic (after the interpolator).	the input of the	speed controller or U/f					
	Note: Smoothing time constant = 100 ms							
	The signal is not suitable as a process quantity and may only b	e used as a disp	olay quantity.					
	The speed setpoint is available smoothed (r0020) and unsmoo	thed.						
r0021	Actual speed smoothed	rpm	Float					
	Description: Displays the smoothed actual value of the motor s	peed.						
	Note: Smoothing time constant = 100 ms							
	The signal is not suitable as a process quantity and may only be used as a display quantity.							
	The speed actual value is available smoothed (r0021) and unsi	moothed.						
r0026	DC link voltage smoothed	V	Float					
	Description: Displays the smoothed actual value of the DC link voltage.							
	Notice: When measuring a DC link voltage < 200 V, for the Power Module (e.g. PM340) a valid measured value is not supplied. In this case, when an external 24 V power supply is connected, a value of approx. 24 V is displayed in the display parameter.							
	Note: Smoothing time constant = 100 ms							
	The signal is not suitable as a process quantity and may only be used as a display quantity.							
	The DC link voltage is available smoothed (r0026) and unsmoo	othed.						
r0027	Absolute actual current smoothed	Arms	Float					
	Description: Displays the smoothed absolute actual current value.							
	Notice: This smoothed signal is not suitable for diagnostics or evaluation of dynamic operations. In this case, the unsmoothed value should be used.							
	Note: Smoothing time constant = 100 ms							
	The signal is not suitable as a process quantity and may only b	e used as a disp	olay quantity.					
	The absolute current actual value is available smoothed (r0027) and unsmooth	ed.					

Par. No.	Name	Unit	Data type					
r0029	Current actual value field-generating smoothed	Arms	Float					
	Description: Displays the smoothed field-generating actual current.							
	Note: Smoothing time constant = 100 ms							
	The signal is not suitable as a process quantity and may only be us	ed as a display	quantity.					
	The field-generating current actual value is available smoothed (r00	29) and unsmo	oothed.					
r0030	Current actual value torque-generating smoothed	Arms	Float					
	Description: Displays the smoothed torque-generating actual current	ıt.						
	Note: Smoothing time constant = 100 ms							
	The signal is not suitable as a process quantity and may only be used as a display quantity.							
	The torque-generating current actual value is available smoothed.							
r0031	Actual torque smoothed	Nm	Float					
	Description: Displays the smoothed torque actual value.							
	Note: Smoothing time constant = 100 ms							
	The signal is not suitable as a process quantity and may only be used as a display quantity.							
	The torque actual value is available smoothed (r0031) and unsmooth	al value is available smoothed (r0031) and unsmoothed.						
r0032	Active power actual value smoothed	kW	Float					
	Description: Displays the smoothed actual value of the active power	r.						
r0033	Torque utilization smoothed	%	Float					
	Description: Displays the smoothed torque utilization as a percentage.							
	The torque utilization is obtained from the required smoothed torque in reference to the torque limit, scaled using p2196.							
	Note: Smoothing time constant = 100 ms							
	The signal is not suitable as a process quantity and may only be us	ed as a display	quantity.					
	The torque utilization is available smoothed (r0033) and unsmoothe	d.						
	For M_set total (r0079) > M_max offset, the following applies:							
	 demanded torque = M_set total - M_max offset 							
	actual torque limit = M_max upper effective - M_max offset							
	For M_set total (r0079) <= M_max offset (p1532), the following appl	ies:						
	 demanded torque = M_max offset - M_set total 							
	actual torque limit = M_max offset - M_max lower effective							
	For the actual torque limit = 0, the following applies: r0033 = 100 %							
	For the actual torque limit < 0, the following applies: r0033 = 0 %							
r0034	Motor utilization thermal	%	Float					
	Description: Displays the motor utilization from motor temperature n	nodel 1 (l ² t) or	3.					

Par. No.	Name	Unit	Data type							
r0037[019]	Power unit temperatures	°C	Float							
	Description: Displays the temperatures in the power unit.	·								
	Index:									
	[0]: Inverter maximum value									
	[1]: Depletion layer maximum value									
	• [2]: Rectifier maximum value									
	• [3]: Air intake									
	• [4]: Interior of power unit									
	• [5]: Inverter 1									
	• [6]: Inverter 2									
	• [7]: Inverter 3									
	• [8]: Inverter 4									
	• [9]: Inverter 5									
	• [10]: Inverter 6									
	• [11]: Rectifier 1									
	• [12]: Rectifier 2									
	• [13]: Depletion layer 1									
	• [14]: Depletion layer 2									
	• [15]: Depletion layer 3									
	• [16]: Depletion layer 4									
	• [17]: Depletion layer 5									
	[18]: Depletion layer 6[19]: Cooling unit liquid intake									
	Dependency: Refer to A01009									
	Notice: Only for internal Siemens troubleshooting.	sianal								
	Note: The value of -200 indicates that there is no measuring signal.									
	• r0037[0]: Maximum value of the inverter temperatures (r0037[510]).									
	 r0037[1]: Maximum value of the depletion layer temperatures (r0037[1318]). r0037[2]: Maximum value of the rectifier temperatures (r0037[1112]). 									
	The maximum value is the temperature of the hottest inverter		or rectifier							
r0079[01]	Torque setpoint total	Nm	Float							
1007 5[01]	Description: Displays and connector output for the torque set									
	(before clock cycle interpolation).	point at the output	of the speed controller							
	Index:									
	• [0]: Unsmoothed									
	• [1]: Smoothed									
r0296	DC link voltage undervoltage threshold	V	U16							
	Description: Threshold to detect a DC link undervoltage.	<u> </u>	1							
	Description: Threshold to detect a DC link undervoltage. If the DC link voltage falls below this threshold, the drive unit is tripped due to a DC link undervoltage									
	condition.		•							
	Note: The value depends on the device type and the selected	device rated volta	age.							
r0297	DC link voltage overvoltage threshold	V	U16							
	Description: If the DC link voltage exceeds the threshold special DC link overvoltage.	cified here, the driv	ve unit is tripped due to							
	Dependency: Refer to F30002.									
r0311	Rated motor speed	rpm	Float							
	Description: Displays the rated motor speed (rating plate).	1.6	1							
	poddipudi. Displays the fated motor speed (rating plate).									

Par. No.	Name	Unit	Data type						
r0333	Rated motor torque	Nm	Float						
	Description: Displays the rated motor torque.								
	IEC drive: unit Nm								
	NEMA drive: unit lbf ft								
r0482[02]	Encoder actual position value Gn_XIST1	-	U32						
	Description: Displays the encoder actual position value Gn_X	IST1.							
	Index:								
	• [0]: Encoder 1								
	• [1]: Encoder 2								
	[2]: Reserved	• [2]: Reserved							
	Note:								
	In this value, the measuring gear is only taken into accour		-						
	The update time for the position control (EPOS) correspore	· ·							
	The update time in isochronous operation corresponds to	•							
	The update time in isochronous operation and with position control (EPOS) corresponds to the position controller clock cycle.								
	The update time in non-isochronous operation or without position control (EPOS) comprises the following:								
	 Update time = 4 * least common multiple (LCM) of all current controller clock cycles in the drive group (infeed + drives). The minimum update time is 1 ms. 								
	 Example 1: infeed, servo 								
	Update time = 4 * LCM(250 μs, 125 μs) = 4 * 250 μs = 1 ms - Example 2: infeed, servo, vector								
	Update time = 4 * LCM(250 μs, 125 μs, 500 μs) = 4 * 5	500 μs = 2 ms							
r0632	Motor temperature model, stator winding temperature	°C	Float						
	Description: Displays the stator winding temperature of the m	otor temperature	model.						
r0722	CU digital inputs status	-	U32						
	Description: Displays the status of the digital inputs.	•							
1	Note:								
	DI: Digital Input								
	DI/DO: Bidirectional Digital Input/Output								
	The drive unit displays the value in hex format. You can converge for example, FF (hex) = 11111111 (bin).	ert the hex number	er to the binary number,						
r0747	CU digital outputs status	-	U32						
	Description: Displays the status of digital outputs.								
	Note:								
	DI/DO: Bidirectional Digital Input/Output								
	The drive unit displays the value in hex format. You can convert the hex number to the binary number, for example, FF (hex) = 111111111 (bin).								
r0807.0	Master control active	-	U8						
	Description: Displays what has the master control. The drive of nection or from external.	can be controlled	L						

Par. No.	Name	Unit	Data type					
r2050 [019]	MODBUS PZD receive word	-	I16					
	Description: Modbus PZD (setpoints) with word format received from the host controller.							
	Index:							
	Index 0 to index 19 stand for PZD1 to PZD20 correspondingly	y.						
	[0]: Control word from host controller, the definition of controller.	trol word refer to r	2090.					
	• [1]: In speed control mode, means speed setpoint from ho	ost controller.						
	• [2] and [3]: In internal position control mode, means positi troller	on setpoint(Hword	d/Lword) from host con-					
	• [4] to [19]: Reserved.	<u>, </u>						
r2090.015	MODBUS PZD1 receive bit-serial	-	U16					
	Description: Bit-serial description of PZD1 (normally control w	vord 1) received fr	om the host controller.					
	If the value of the bit equals to 0, it means the function of this equals to 1, it means the function of this bit is activated.	bit is deactivated.	. If the value of the bit					
r2521[03]	LR position actual value	LU	132					
	Description: Displays the actual position actual value determicessing.	ned by the positio	n actual value prepro-					
	Index:							
	• [0]: CI-loop position control							
	• [1]: Encoder 1							
	• [2]: Encoder 2							
	• [3]: Reserved							
r2556	LR position setpoint after setpoint smoothing	LU	132					
	Description: Display and connector output for the position setpoint after setpoint smoothing.							
r2563	LR following error dynamic model	LU	132					
	Description: Displays the dynamic following error.							
	This value is the deviation, corrected by the velocity-dependent point and the position actual value.	ent component, be	tween the position set-					
r2665	EPOS position setpoint	LU	132					
	Description: Displays the actual absolute position setpoint.							
r29015	PTI: Pulse input frequency	Hz	Float					
	Description: Displays the PTI input pulse frequency.							
r29018[01]	OA version	-	Float					
	Description: Displays the OA version.							
	Index:							
	• [0]: Firmware version							
	[1]: Build increment number							
r29400	Internal Control Signal Status Indicating	-	U32					
	Description: Control signal status identifiers							
	Bit00 SON Bit01 RESET Bit02 CWL Bit03 CCWL Bit04 G-CHANGE Bit05 P-TRG Bit06 CLR Bit07 EGEAR1 Bit08 EGEAR2 Bit09 TLIMT1 Bit10 TLIMT2 Bit11 CWE Bit12 CCWE Bit13 ZSCLAMP Bit14 SPD1 Bit15 SPD2 Bit16 SPD3 Bit17 TSET Bit18 SLIMT1 Bit19 SLIMT2 Bit20 POS1 Bit21 POS2 Bit22 POS3 Bit23 REF Bit24 SREF Bit25 STEPF Bit26 STEPB Bit27 STEPH Bit28 EMGS Bit29 C-MODE							

Par. No.	Name	Unit	Data type
r29942	DO signals status indicating	-	U32
	Description: Indicates the status of DO signals.		
	• Bit 0: RD		
	Bit 1: FAULT		
	Bit 2: INP		
	Bit 3: ZSP		
	Bit 4: SPDR		
	Bit 5: TLR		
	Bit 6: SPLR		
	Bit 7: MBR		
	Bit 8: OLL		
	Bit 9: WARNING1		
	Bit 10: WARNING2		
	Bit 11: REFOK		
	Bit 12: CM_STA		
r29979	PStatus	-	U32
	Description: Displays the status of position loop.		
	Bit 0 - Bit 1: actual EGear index		

7 Diagnostics

7.1 Overview

General information about faults and alarms

The errors and states detected by the individual components of the drive system are indicated by messages.

The messages are categorized into faults and alarms.

Properties of faults and alarms

- Faults
 - Are identified by Fxxxxx.
 - Can lead to a fault reaction.
 - Must be acknowledged once the cause has been remedied.
 - Status via control unit and LED RDY.
 - Status via MODBUS status word PZD1.1 (fault status).
 - Entry in the fault buffer.

Alarms

- Are identified by Axxxxx.
- Have no further effect on the drive.
- The alarms are automatically reset once the cause has been remedied. No acknowledgement is required.
- Status via Control Unit and LED RDY.
- Entry in the alarm buffer.
- General properties of faults and alarms
 - Triggering on selected messages possible.
 - Contain the component number for identifying the affected SINAMICS component.
 - Contain diagnostic information on the relevant message.

Differences between faults and alarms

The differences between faults and alarms are shown as follows:

Type	BOP display (example)		Status i	ndicator	Reaction	Acknowledgement
			RDY	СОМ		
Fault	F 7985. F 7985.	Single fault The first fault in the case of multiple faults Non-first fault in the case of multiple faults	Slow flashing in red	-	NONE: no reaction OFF1: servo motor ramps down OFF2: servo motor coasts down OFF3: servo motor stops quickly (emergency stop) ENOCDER: Encoder fault causes OFF2.	POWER ON: re-power on the servo drive to clear a fault after eliminating its cause. IMMEDIATELY: the fault disappears immediately after eliminating its cause. PULSE INHIBIT: The fault can only be acknowledged with a pulse inhibit. The same options are available for acknowledging as described under acknowledgment with IMMEDIATELY.

Туре	BOP display (example)		Status i	ndicator		Reaction	Acknowledgement
			RDY	СОМ			
Alarm	A 3 0 0 1 6	Single alarm	Slow	-	•	NONE: no reaction	Self-acknowledgement
	R.300 16.	The first alarm in the case of multiple alarms	in red				
	A 3 0 0 16.	Non-first alarm in the case of multiple alarms					

NOTICE

Faults have higher display priority than alarms

In the case that both faults and alarms occur, only faults are displayed until they have been acknowledged.

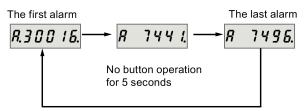
BOP operations for faults and alarms

To view faults or alarms, proceed as follows:

Faults

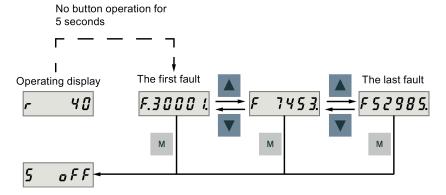


Alarms

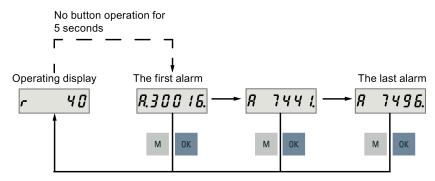


To exit from fault or alarm display, proceed as follows:

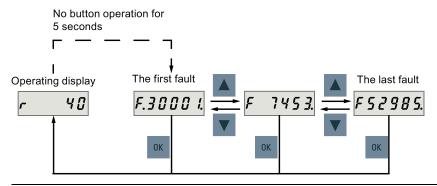
Faults



Alarms



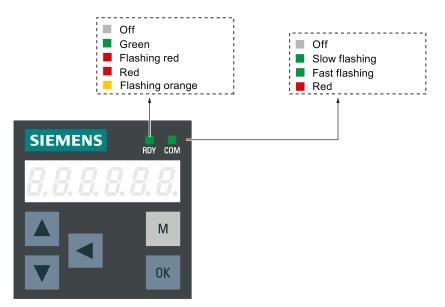
To acknowledge faults, proceed as follows:



Note

- If you do not eliminate the cause(s) of the fault, it can appear again after no button operation for five seconds. Make sure that you have eliminated the cause(s) of the fault.
- You can acknowledge faults using RESET signal. For details, refer to Operating Instructions.
- You can acknowledge faults on SINAMICS V-ASSISTANT. For details, refer to SINAMICS V-ASSISTANT Online Help.

Two LED status indicators (RDY and COM) are available to indicate drive status. Both LEDs are dual color (green/red).



You can find detailed information about the status indications in the table below:

Status indicator	Color	Status	Description		
RDY	-	Off	24 V control board power supply is missing		
	Green	Continuously lit	The drive is in the servo on state		
	Red	Continuously lit	The drive is in the servo off state or in the startup state		
Flash at 1 Hz		Flash at 1 Hz	Alarms or faults occurs		
	Red and or- ange	Flash alternatively at an interval of 0.5 s	The servo drive is located		
СОМ	-	Off	Communication with PC is not active		
	Green	Flash at 0.5 Hz	Communication with PC is active		
		Flash at 2 Hz	SD card operating (read or write)		
	Red	Continuously lit	Communication with PC is in error		

7.2 List of faults and alarms

For the details of the faults and alarms, refer to *Operating Instructions*.

Fault list

Fault	Description	Fault	Description
F1000	Internal software error	F7800	Drive: No power unit present
F1000	Floating Point exception	F7801	Motor overcurrent
F1001	Internal software error	F7802	Infeed or power unit not ready
F1003	Acknowledgment delay when accessing the	F7815	Power unit has been changed
F 1003	memory	17013	Fower unit has been changed
F1015	Internal software error	F7900	Motor blocked/speed controller at its limit
F1018	Booting has been interrupted several times	F7901	Motor overspeed
F1030	Sign-of-life failure for master control	F7995	Motor identification failure
F1611	SI CU: Defect detected	F30001	Power unit: Overcurrent
F7011	Motor overtemperature	F30002	DC link voltage, overvoltage
F7085	Open-loop/closed-loop control parameters changed	F30003	DC link voltage, undervoltage
F7093	Test signal error	F30004	Drive heat sink overtemperature
F7403	Lower DC link voltage threshold reached	F30005	Power unit: Overload I ² t
F7404	Upper DC link voltage threshold reached	F30011	Line phase failure in main circuit
F7410	Current controller output limited	F30015	Phase failure motor cable
F7412	Commutation angle incorrect (motor model)	F30021	Ground fault
F7420	Drive: Current setpoint filter natural frequency > Shannon frequecy	F30027	Precharging DC link time monitoring
F7430	Changeover to open-loop torque controlled operation not possible	F30036	Internal overtemperature
F7431	Changeover to encoderless operation not possible	F30050	24 V supply overvoltage
F7442	LR: Multiturn does not match the modulo range	F31100	Zero mark distance error
F7443	Reference point coordinate not in the permission range	F31101	Zero mark failed
F7450	Standstill monitoring has responded	F31110	Serial communications error
F7451	Position monitoring has responded	F31112	Error bit set in the serial protocol
F7452	Following error too high	F31117	Inversion error signals A/B/R
F7453	Position actual value preprocessing error	F31130	Zero mark and position error from the coarse synchronization
F7458	EPOS: Reference cam not found	F31150	Initialization error
F7459	Zero mark not detected	F52903	Fault inconsistence between fault status and fault buffer
F7460	EPOS: End of reference cam not found	F52904	Control mode change
F7464	EPOS: Traversing block is inconsistent	F52911	Positive torque limitation value error
F7475	EPOS: Target position < start of traversing range	F52912	Negative torque limitation value error
F7476	EPOS: Target position > end of the traversing range	F52931	Gear box limit
F7481	EPOS: Axis position < software limit switch minus	F52933	PTO gear box limit
F7482	EPOS: Axis position > software limit switch plus	F52980	Absolute encoder motor changed
F7490	Enable signal withdrawn while traversing	F52981	Absolute encoder motor mismatched

Fault	Description	Fault	Description
F7491	STOP cam minus reached	F52983	No encoder detected
F7492	STOP cam plus reached	F52984	Incremental encoder motor not configured
F7493	LR: Overflow of the value range for position actual value	F52985	Absolute encoder motor wrong
F7599	Encoder 1: Adjustment not possible	F52987	Absolute encoder replaced

Alarm list

Alarm	Description	Alarm	Description
A1009	Control module overtemperature	A7479	EPOS: Software limit switch minus reached
A1019	Writing to the removable data medium unsuccessful	A7480	EPOS: Software limit switch plus reached
A1032	All parameters must be saved	A7496	SON enable missing
A1045	Configuring data invalid	A7576	Encoderless operation due to a fault active
A1920	Drive Bus: Receive setpoints after To	A7582	Position actual value preprocessing error
A1932	Drive Bus clock cycle synchronization missing for DSC	A7585	P-TRG or CLR active
A5000	Drive heat sink overtemperature	A7588	Encoder 2: Position value preprocessing does not have a valid encoder
A7012	Motor temperature model 1/3 overtemperature	A7805	Power unit overload I ² t
A7441	LR: Save the position offset of the absolute encoder adjustment	A7965	Save required
A7454	LR: Position value preprocessing does not have a valid encoder	A7971	Angular commutation offset determination activated
A7456	EPOS: Setpoint velocity limited	A7991	Motor data identification activated
A7461	EPOS: Reference point not set	A30016	Load supply switched off
A7469	EPOS: Traversing block < target position < software limit switch minus	A30031	Hardware current limiting in phase U
A7470	EPOS: Traversing block> target position > software limit switch plus	A31411	Absolute encoder signals internal alarms
A7471	EPOS: Traversing block target position outside the modulo range	A31412	Error bit set in the serial protocol
A7472	EPOS: Traversing block ABS_POS/ABS_NEG not possible	A52900	Failure during data copying
A7473	EPOS: Beginning of traversing range reached	A52901	Braking resistor reaches alarm threshold
A7474	EPOS: End of traversing range reached	A52902	Emergency missing
A7477	EPOS: Target position < software limit switch minus	A52932	PTO max limit
A7478	EPOS: Target position > software limit switch plus		

For more information about the faults and alarms, refer to SINAMICS V90, SIMOTICS S-1FL6 Operating Instructions.

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